

LUMEL

ENERGY METER

NR32



USER MANUAL

CE

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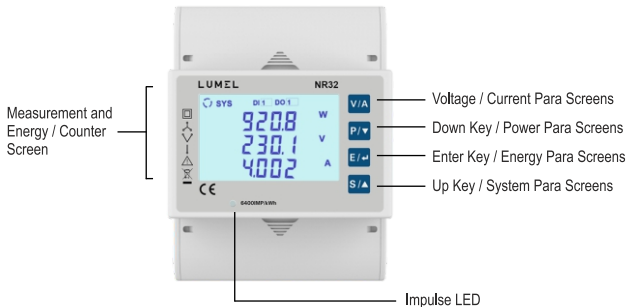
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1. INTRODUCTION

The Energy Instrument is a DIN Rail mounted Quadratic Digital Meter, which measures important electrical parameters in 3 ph 4 wire / 3 wire / 1ph Network and replaces the multiple analog panel meters. It measures electrical parameters like AC voltage, Current, Frequency, Power, Energy (Active / Reactive / Apparent), phase angle, power factor, individual harmonics & many more. The instrument integrates accurate measurement technology (All Voltages & current measurements are True RMS upto 31st Harmonic) with LCD display with backlight.

It can be configured & Programmed at site for the following : PT Primary, PT Secondary, CT Primary, CT Secondary 3 Phase 3W, 3 Phase 4W, 1 Phase 2W system.

The front panel has four push buttons using which the user can scroll through different screens & configure the product. The front panel also has Impulse red led, flashing at rate proportional to measured power.



2. MEASUREMENT AND ENERGY/COUNTER SCREENS

In normal operation, the user is presented with screens given in TABLE 1:

1. One of the **System Parameter screens** of TABLE 1.1.

These screens may be scrolled through one at a time in an incremental order by pressing the "System / UP" key to roll over again in same order. Few important screens are explained in Section 2.5 to 2.7.

2. One of the **Energy / Counter screens** of TABLE 1.2.

These screens may be scrolled through one at a time in an incremental order by pressing the "Energy / ENTER" key to roll over again in same order. Few important screens are explained in Section 2.8 to 2.10.

3. One of the **Power Parameter screens** of TABLE 1.3.

These screens may be scrolled through one at a time in an incremental order by pressing the "Power / DOWN" key to roll over again in same order.

4. One of the **Voltage/Current Parameter screens** of TABLE 1.4.

These screens may be scrolled through one at a time in an incremental order by pressing the "V / A" key to roll over again in same order. Few important screens are explained in Section 2.1 to 2.4.

Phase Sequence Indication

It indicates the rotation of input phasor vectors :

clockwise/ counter-clockwise.

In case the input is absent or the phase sequence is neither L123 nor L321, the phase sequence indication is not shown.



Clockwise Sequence
for L123.



Counter-Clockwise Sequence,
for L321

Digital Input Indication

The Digital Input (DI) symbols indicate the following :

Status of external contacts when DI is configured in Status Mode.

DI 1

DI1 is configured in Status Mode and is present.

DI

DI1 is configured in Status Mode and is absent.

Digital Output Indication

These symbols indicate the following :

Status of the output contacts (Relay / SO).

DO 1

DO1 is energized.

DO

DO1 is de-energized.

Pulse Mode Indication

These symbols indicate whether Digital Output (DO) is configured in Pulse Mode.

 1  2

DO1 and DO2 are configured for Pulse Output.

Tariff Energies Indication



This Instrument comes with 2 tariff based on Digital Input 1 (DI1) for 6 selectable energies each. In the image given here, it indicates that the instrument is currently displaying the selected energy parameter (System Import Active Energy) of Tariff 2. Refer TABLE 1.2 for navigation of Tariff Energies. These energies are available in Energy Parameter screens on display.

TABLE 1 : Measurement & Energy/Counter Screens**TABLE 1.1 System Parameters Screens :**

Parameter No.	Parameters	On Display			On Modbus		
		3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
1	System Active Power/ Voltage/ Current	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	System Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	System Degree-Power Factor-VAr	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	System Frequency-RPM	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	System %THD Voltage-Current	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	System Max VA-A Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	System Max Capacitive-Inductive VAr Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	System Max Import Watt Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	System Max Export Watt Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	System VA-A Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	System Capacitive-Inductive VAr Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	System Import Watt Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	System Export Watt Demand	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	System Max Active Power/ Voltage/ Current	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
15	System Min Active Power/ Voltage/ Current	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	System Max Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	System Min Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	System Max Degree-Power Factor-VAr	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	System Min Degree-Power Factor-VAr	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	System Max Frequency-Voltage-Current	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
21	System Min Frequency-Voltage-Current	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
22	Timer 1 No. of Cycles-ON Delay-OFF Delay	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
23	Timer 2 No. of Cycles-ON Delay-OFF Delay	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
24	Health Monitor Menu	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
25	Pre Paid Energy Menu	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
26	System Displacement Power Factor	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
27	System Reactive Power Factor	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
28	System LF Factor SgnQ(1-(P/S))	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
29	Old Sys Max Import-Export Watt Demand	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
30	Old Sys Max Capacitive-Inductive VAr Demand	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
31	Old Sys Max VA-A Demand	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓

TABLE 1.1 System Parameters Screens Continued...

Parameter No.	Parameters	On Display			On Modbus		
		3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
32	System Voltage Unbalance	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗
33	System Current Unbalance	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗
34	System Distortion VAR	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
35	System Fundamental Var	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
36	System Max Reactive PF	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
37	System Min Reactive PF	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
38	System Max LF Factor SgnQ(1-(P/S))	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
39	System Min LF Factor SgnQ(1-(P/S))	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓

NOTE : The Display screens of TABLE 1.1 can be scrolled through **Up Key**.

TABLE 1.2 Energy Parameters Screens :

Parameter No.	Parameters	On Display			On Modbus		
		3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
1	System Active Energy Import(Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
2	System Active Energy Import	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
3	System Active Energy Export(Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
4	System Active Energy Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	System Reactive Capacitive energy (Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
6	System Reactive Capacitive energy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	System Reactive Inductive energy (Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
8	System Reactive Inductive energy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	System Apparent energy(Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
10	System Apparent energy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Import(Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
12	L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Import	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
13	L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Export(Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
14	L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Export	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
15	L1-L2-L3 Reactive Capacitive energy (Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
16	L1-L2-L3 Reactive Capacitive energy	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
17	L1-L2-L3 Reactive Inductive energy (Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
18	L1-L2-L3 Reactive Inductive energy	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
19	L1-L2-L3 Apparent energy(Overflow)	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
20	L1-L2-L3 Apparent energy	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗

TABLE 1.2 Energy Parameters Screens Continued...

Parameter No.	Parameters	On Display			On Modbus		
		3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
21	L1-L2-L3 Total Active Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	x	x
22	L1-L2-L3 Total Active Energy	✓	x	x	✓	x	x
23	L1-L2-L3 Total Reactive Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	x	x
24	L1-L2-L3 Total Reactive Energy	✓	x	x	✓	x	x
25	Sys Total Active Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
26	Sys Total Active Energy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27	Sys Total Reactive Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
28	Sys Total Reactive Energy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29	Run hour	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
30	On hour	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
31	No. of interrupts	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
32	Tariff 1 Energy 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Tariff 1 Energy 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Tariff 1 Energy 3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
35	Tariff 1 Energy 4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
36	Tariff 1 Energy 5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
37	Tariff 1 Energy 6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
38	Tariff 2 Energy 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
39	Tariff 2 Energy 2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
40	Tariff 2 Energy 3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
41	Tariff 2 Energy 4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
42	Tariff 2 Energy 5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
43	Tariff 2 Energy 6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Old Energy Unit	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
45	Old System Active Energy Import(Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
46	Old System Active Energy Import	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
47	Old System Active Energy Export(Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
48	Old System Active Energy Export	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
49	Old System Reactive Capacitive energy (Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
50	Old System Reactive Capacitive energy	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
51	Old System Reactive Inductive energy (Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
52	Old System Reactive Inductive energy	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
53	Old System Apparent energy(Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
54	Old System Apparent energy	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓

TABLE 1.2 Energy Parameters Screens Continued...

Parameter No.	Parameters	On Display			On Modbus		
		3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
55	Old L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Import(Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	x	x
56	Old L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Import	x	x	x	✓	x	x
57	Old L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Export(Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	x	x
58	Old L1-L2-L3 Active Energy Export	x	x	x	✓	x	x
59	Old L1-L2-L3 Reactive Capacitive energy (Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	x	x
60	Old L1-L2-L3 Reactive Capacitive energy	x	x	x	✓	x	x
61	Old L1-L2-L3 Reactive Inductive energy (Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	x	x
62	Old L1-L2-L3 Reactive Inductive energy	x	x	x	✓	x	x
63	Old L1-L2-L3 Apparent energy(Overflow)	x	x	x	✓	x	x
64	Old L1-L2-L3 Apparent energy	x	x	x	✓	x	x
65	Old Sys Total Active Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
66	Old Sys Total Active Energy	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
67	Old Sys Total Reactive Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
68	Old Sys Total Reactive Energy	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
69	Old L1-L2-L3 Total Active Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	x	x
70	Old L1-L2-L3 Total Active Energy	x	x	x	✓	x	x
71	Old L1-L2-L3 Total Reactive Energy Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	x	x
72	Old L1-L2-L3 Total Reactive Energy	x	x	x	✓	x	x
73	Old Run Hour	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
74	Old On Hour	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
75	Old no. of interrupts	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
76	Digital Input 1 Pulse Counter	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
77	Digital Input 2 Pulse Counter	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
78	Digital Input 1 Pulse Counter Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓
79	Digital Input 2 Pulse Counter Overflow Count	x	x	x	✓	✓	✓

NOTE : 1) The Display screens of TABLE 1.2 can be scrolled through **Enter Key**.

2) Energy on Display is Auto-Ranging For details refer Section 4.1.

TABLE 1.3 Power Parameters Screens :

Parameter No.	Parameters	On Display			On Modbus		
		3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
1	L1 Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
2	L2 Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
3	L3 Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
4	L1-L2-L3 Power Factor	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
5	L1-L2-L3 Degree	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
6	System Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	System Degree-Power Factor-VAr	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
8	L1 Max Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
9	L1 Min Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
10	L2 Max Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
11	L2 Min Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
12	L3 Max Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
13	L3 Min Watt-VAr-VA	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
14	L1-L2-L3 Max Power Factor	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
15	L1-L2-L3 Min Power Factor	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
16	L1-L2-L3 Max Degree	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
17	L1-L2-L3 Min Degree	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
18	L1-L2-L3 Displacement Power Factor	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
19	L1-L2-L3 Reactive Power Factor	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
20	L1-L2-L3 LF Factor SgnQ(1-(P/S))	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
21	L1-L2-L3 Distortion VAr	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
22	L1-L2-L3 Fundamental VAr	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
23	L1-L2-L3 Max Reactive Power Factor	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
24	L1-L2-L3 Min Reactive Power Factor	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
25	L1-L2-L3 Max LF Factor SgnQ(1-(P/S))	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
26	L1-L2-L3 Min LF Factor SgnQ(1-(P/S))	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗

NOTE : The Display screens of TABLE 1.3 can be scrolled through **Down Key**.

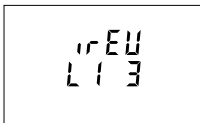
TABLE 1.4 Voltage/Current Parameters Screens :

Parameter No.	Parameters	On Display			On Modbus		
		3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
1	L1-L2-L3 Voltage	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
2	L12-L23-L31 Voltage	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
3	L1-L2-L3 Current	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
4	Neutral Current	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
5	L1-L2-L3 Voltage %THD	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
6	L1-L2-L3 Current %THD	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
7	Current Reversal	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✓
8	Phase Rotation Error	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
9	Phase Absent Indication	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
10	System Frequency-Voltage-Current	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	L1-L2-L3 Max Voltage	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
12	L1-L2-L3 Min Voltage	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
13	L12-L23-L31 Max Voltage	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
14	L12-L23-L31 Min Voltage	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
15	L1-L2-L3 Max Current	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
16	L1-L2-L3 Min Current	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗
17	Individual Harmonics V (upto 31st)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	Individual Harmonics A (upto 31st)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

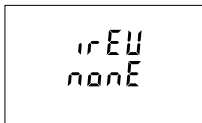
NOTE : The Display screens of TABLE 1.4 can be scrolled through **VIA Key**.

2.1 Current Reversal Screen

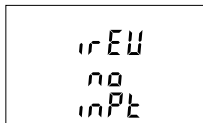
This screen is one of the Voltage / Current Parameter Screens and is useful to indicate if current in any phase is reversed or not. If current in any phase gets reversed, then corresponding phase will be indicated on this screen.



This screen shows that currents in L1 and L3 are reversed.



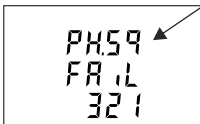
This screen shows that currents in all three phase are correct.



This screen shows that the meter has no current input.

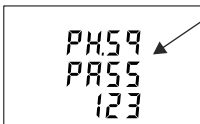
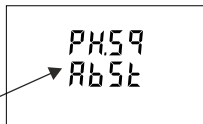
2.2 Phase Rotation Error Screen

This screen is one of the Voltage / Current Parameter Screens and shows phase rotation information for the phase sequence R-Y-B (L1-L2-L3).



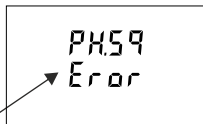
This screen indicates that Phase Sequence is incorrect.

This screen indicates that all three phases (voltages) are absent.



This screen indicates that Phase Sequence is correct.

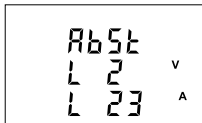
This screen indicates that either one or two of the three phases (voltages) are absent.



User must check this screen in order to get correct readings when meter is connected.

2.3 Phase Absent Screen

This screen is one of the Voltage / Current Parameter Screens and is useful to indicate if voltage or current in any phase is absent. Hence, user will know which voltage or current is missing and take corrective action.



This screen indicates that all three phases (V & I) are absent.

This screen indicates that V2, I2 and I3 are absent.

This screen indicates that all three phases are present i.e. all inputs are present.

2.4 Individual Harmonics

This screen is one of the Voltage / Current Parameter Screens.



The **Individual Harmonics** can be accessed by pressing the Enter key followed by the Up and Down keys taking through the 31 harmonics.

Similarly, pressing the "←" key at the quit screen takes the user out of the Individual Harmonics Screen.

2.5 Load Health Monitor Screen



The **Load Health Monitor Menu** is one of the System Parameter Screens and shows the health status of the three phase load. The faults can be monitored by pressing the Enter Key followed by the Up and Down keys taking through all the different errors (if any) of the Three Phase load. Types of Error shown :

- 1) Phase Fail
- 2) Unbalanced Voltage
- 3) Unbalanced Current
- 4) Phase Reversal
- 5) Under Frequency
- 6) Under Voltage
- 7) Over Current
- 8) Over Voltage

2.5.1. Health Monitor Fault Screens



This screen indicates that phase fail fault is present.



This screen indicates that voltage unbalanced fault is present.



This screen indicates that current unbalanced fault is present.



This screen indicates that phase reverse fault is present.



This screen indicates that under frequency fault is present.



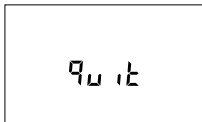
This screen indicates that under voltage fault is present.



This screen indicates that over current fault is present.



This screen indicates that over voltage fault is present.



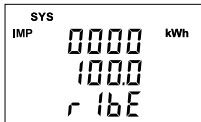
By pressing the "←" key at the **quit screen** takes the user out of the Load Health Monitor Menu Screen.

2.6 Pre Paid Energy Menu

This screen is one of the System Parameter Screens.



Pre Paid Menu shows Balance energy & Balance cost for the energy selected and can be accessed by pressing the Enter Key.



This Screen shows Balance energy of the parameter selected in the Digital Output 1 pre-paid Energy mode.



This Screen shows the Balance cost of the parameter selected in the Digital Output 1 pre-paid Energy mode.



This Screen shows Balance energy of the parameter selected in the Digital Output 2 pre-paid Energy mode.



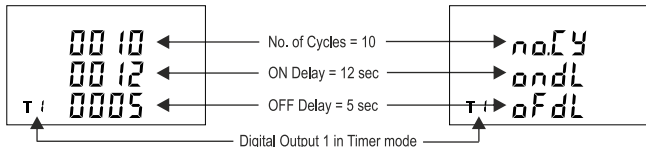
This Screen shows the Balance cost of the parameter selected in the Digital Output 2 pre-paid Energy mode.



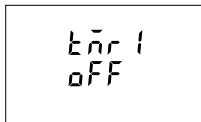
Pressing the "←" key at the quit screen takes the user out of the Pre Paid Menu Screen.

2.7 Timer 1 & Timer 2 Screens

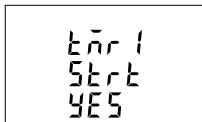
This screen is one of the System Parameter Screens.



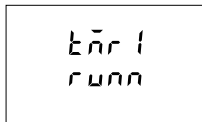
The screen shows the No. of Cycles, on delay, off delay of the corresponding digital output in its timer mode. If the digital output is configured in timer mode, then the timer can be turned ON by long press (about 3sec) of Up key while present in any of the measurement screens.



Digital Output 1 is not selected in Timer Configuration.

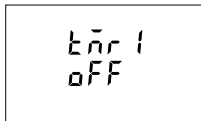


This screen is shown when digital output is configured as timer by selecting yes option timer1 can be started.

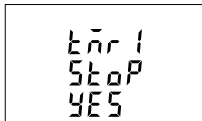


Timer showing Running when it is started.

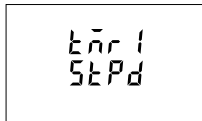
Similarly, the digital output can be turned OFF by long press (about 3sec) of Down key while present in any of the measurement screens.



Digital Output 1 is not selected in Timer Configuration.



This screen is shown when timer is started by selecting yes option timer1 can be stopped.



Timer showing Stopped when not running.

Similarly, for Timer Configuration, Digital Output 2 parameters and status can also be set and accessed (respectively) in a way similar to that of Digital Output 1.

2.8 Run Hour



This Screen is one of the Energy Parameter Screens and shows the total no. of hours the load is connected. Even if the Auxiliary supply is interrupted, count of Run hour will be maintained in internal memory & displayed in the format "hours. min".

For example if Displayed count is 105000.10 it indicates 105000 hours & 10 minutes. After 999999.59 run hours display will restart from zero. To reset run hour manually see section Resetting Parameter 3.2.3.1.

2.9 On Hour



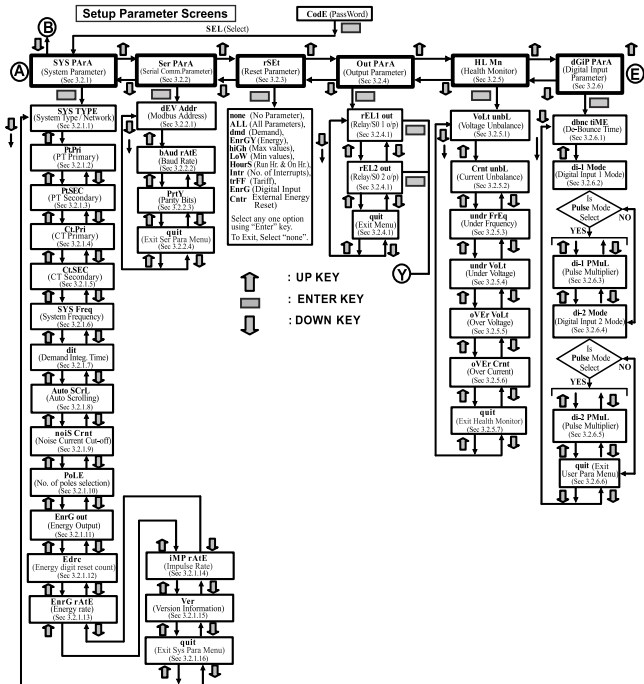
This Screen is one of the Energy Parameter Screens and shows the total no. of hours the Auxiliary Supply is ON. Even if the Auxiliary supply is interrupted count of On hour will be maintained in internal memory & displayed in the format "hours. min".

For example if Displayed count is 105000.10 it indicates 105000 hours and 10 minutes. After 999999.59 On hours display will restart from zero. To reset On hour manually see section Resetting Parameter 3.2.3.1.

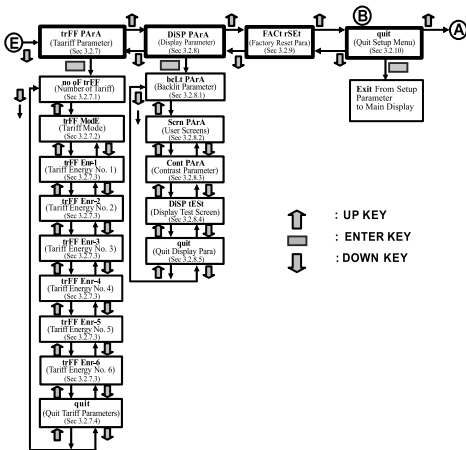
2.10 Number of Interruption



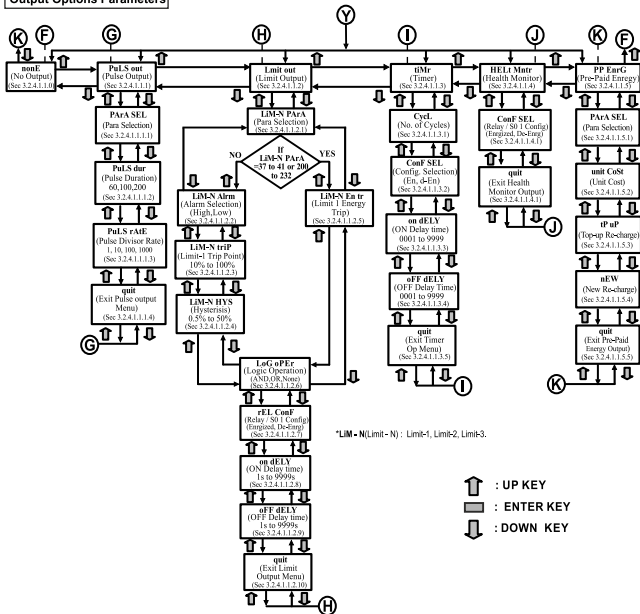
This Screen is one of the Energy Parameter Screens and displays the total no. of times the Auxiliary Supply was Interrupted. Even if the Auxiliary supply is interrupted count will be maintained in internal memory. After 99999 counts, the number of interruptions will restart from zero. To reset No of Interruption manually see section Resetting Parameter 3.2.3.1



Setup Parameter Screens



Output Options Parameters



3. PROGRAMMING

The following sections comprise step by step procedures for configuring the Multifunction Meter according to individual user requirements. To access the set-up screens press and hold "▲ UP" and "▼ DOWN" keys simultaneously for 5 seconds. This will take the User into the Password Protection Entry Stage (Section 3.1).

3.1. Password Protection

Password protection can be enabled to prevent unauthorised access to set-up screens, when default password protection is not enabled. Password protection is enabled by selecting a four digit number other than 0000, setting a password of 0000 disables the password protection.



Code
- - - -

Enter Password, prompt for first digit. Press the "▲" key to scroll the value of first digit from 0 through to 9, the value rolls back from 9 round to 0 and "▼" key to scroll the value of first digit from 9 through to 0, the value rolls back from 0 round to 9.

Press the "◀" key to advance to next digit.



Code
0000
done

In special case where the Password is "0000" pressing the "◀" key when prompted for the first digit advances to the password accepted screen and then pressing the "◀" key again makes the set-up screens accessible to the user.

But instead of pressing the "◀" key, if "▲" or "▼" key is pressed, the user is taken to the "New/change Password" entry stage.



Code
1 - - -

Enter Password, first digit entered, prompt for second digit.

Press the "▲" key to scroll the value of first digit from 0 through to 9, the value rolls back from 9 round to 0 and "▼" key to scroll the value of first digit from 9 through to 0, the value rolls back from 0 round to 9.

Press the "◀" key to advance to next digit.



Code
13--

Enter Password, second digit entered, prompt for third digit.

Press the "▲" key to scroll the value of first digit from 0 through to 9, the value rolls back from 9 round to 0 and "▼" key to scroll the value of first digit from 9 through to 0, the value rolls back from 0 round to 9.

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit.



Code
134-

Enter Password, third digit entered, prompt for fourth digit..

Press the "▲" key to scroll the value of first digit from 0 through to 9, the value rolls back from 9 round to 0 and "▼" key to scroll the value of first digit from 9 through to 0, the value rolls back from 0 round to 9.

Press the "←" key to advance to verification of the password.



Code
1342

Enter Password, fourth digit entered, awaiting verification of the password.

Password confirmed.

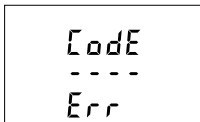


Code
1342
done

Pressing "▲" or "▼" key advances to the "New / change Password" entry stage.

Pressing the "←" key advances to the Menu selection (setup menu) screen (see Section 3.2).

Password Incorrect.



The unit has not accepted the Password entered.

Pressing the "▲" or "▼" key advances to the Enter Password stage.

Pressing the "◀" key exits the Password menu & returns operation to the measurement reading mode.

New / Change Password



Prompting for first digit.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the value of first digit from 0 through to 9 and from 9 through to 0, respectively with digit roll around feature.

Pressing the "◀" key advances the operation to the next digit and sets the first digit, in this case to "2".



New/ Change Password, first digit entered, prompting for second digit.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the value of second digit from 0 through to 9 and from 9 through to 0, respectively with digit roll around feature.

Pressing the "◀" key advances the operation to the next digit and sets the second digit, in this case to "1".



New/ Change Password, second digit entered, prompting for third digit.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the value of second digit from 0 through to 9 and from 9 through to 0, respectively with digit roll around feature.

Pressing the "◀" key to advance the operation to the next digit and sets the third digit, in this case to "5".



Code
2150
Edit

New/ Change Password, third digit entered, prompting for fourth digit. .

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the value of second digit from 0 through to 9 and from 9 through to 0, respectively with digit roll around feature.

Pressing the "←" key to advance the "New Password Confirmed" and sets the fourth digit, in this case to "3".

New Password confirmed



Code
2153
Set

Pressing the "▲" or "▼" key returns to the "New/Change Password" stage.

Pressing the "←" key advances to the Menu selection screen (see Section 3.2).

3.2 Menu selection

3.2.1 System Parameter Selection



SEL
SYS
PARA

This screen is used to select different system Parameters like "system type", "CT Primary", "PT Primary", etc. Pressing the "←" key allows the user to set Different system parameters (see Section 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.1.15).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to the "Communication Parameter Selection" screen (see section 3.2.2) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Quit Setup" Screen (see section 3.2.10).

3.2.2 Communication Parameter Selection



SEL
SER
PARA

This screen is used to select the different communication parameters like "Address selection", "RS485 Parity selection", "RS485 baud rate", etc.

Pressing the "←" key allows the user to set different Communication parameters (see Section 3.2.2.1 to 3.2.2.3).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to the "Reset Parameter Selection" screen (see section 3.2.3) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "System Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.1).

3.2.3 Reset Parameter Selection



This screen is used to reset different parameters. Pressing the "←" key allows the user to reset different parameters (see Section 3.2.3.1).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to the "Output Option Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Communication Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.2).

3.2.4 Output Option Selection



This screen will allow the user to select Output Options for Relay Output or S0 Output. Pressing the "←" key allows the user to select and configure the output options (see Section 3.2.4.1).

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Health Monitor Parameters Selection" screen (see section 3.2.5) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Reset Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.3).

3.2.5 Health Monitor Parameters Selection



This screen will allow the user to configure Load health monitor parameters like "Unbalance voltage", "Unbalance current", "Under voltage", etc. Pressing the "←" key allows the user to select and configure the Load health parameters (see Section 3.2.5.1 to 3.2.5.6).

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Digital Input parameter selection" screen (see section 3.2.6) and pressing "▼" key advances to "output option selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4)

3.2.6 Digital Input Parameter Selection



This screen will allow the user to configure "Digital Input" in different Modes. Pressing the "←" key allows the user to select and configure the feature (see Section 3.2.6.1 to Section 3.2.6.5).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Tariff Parameters" screen (see Section 3.2.7) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Load Health Parameters Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.5).

3.2.7 Tariff Parameter Selection



SEL
T r F F
P A r A

This screen will allow the user to select Tariff Parameter options like configuring the 6 tariff energies, No. of tariff, Tariff Mode.

Pressing the "◀" key allows the user to select and configure the parameter options.(see Section 3.2.7.1 to Section 3.2.7.3)

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Display Parameters" screen (see Section 3.2.8) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Digital Input Parameter" screen (see Section 3.2.6).

3.2.8 Display Parameter Selection



SEL
d i s P
P A r A

This screen will allow the user to access different features like "Backlit", "User Assignable Screens", "Contrast" and "Display Test Screen".

Pressing the "◀" key allows the user to select and configure the features (see Section 3.2.8.1).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Factory Reset" screen (see Section 3.2.9) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Tariff Parameters" screen (see Section 3.2.7).

3.2.9 Factory Reset Selection



SEL
F A C T
r S E T

This screen allows the user to set the meter to its Factory Default settings Pressing "◀" key allows the user to configure the feature(see Section 3.2.9.1).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Quit Setup" screen (see Section 3.2.10) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Display Parameters" screen (see Section 3.2.8).

3.2.1 System Parameter Selection

3.2.1.1 System Type



This screen is used to set the system type.

Pressing the "←" key advances into the system type edit mode and pressing the "▲" and "▼" key scrolls through the options available:

System type "3P3W" for 3 phase 3 wire, "3P4W" for 3 phase 4 wire system & "1P2W" for single phase system.

Pressing the "←" key advances to "Pls Wait" screen, accepting the present value and returns to the "System Type" menu (see Section 3.2.1.1).



Once the System type is set and "System Type" menu appears (see Section 3.2.1.1), pressing "▲" key advances to the "Potential Transformer Primary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.2) and pressing the "▼" key advances to "Quit System Parameters" screen (see Section 3.2.1.16).

NOTE : Default value is set to 3P4W.

3.2.1.2 Potential Transformer Primary Value

The nominal full scale voltage is displayed as the **Line to Line** voltages for all system types. The values displayed represent the voltage in **kilovolts** (note "k" symbol).



Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Potential Transformer Secondary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.3).

Similarly, pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the "System Type" screen (see Section 3.2.1.1).

Pressing the "←" key advances to the "Potential Transformer Primary Decimal Point Edit" mode.

Potential Transformer Primary Decimal Point Edit

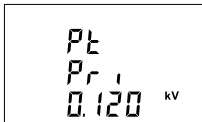


(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the "decimal point must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal point position to the right until it disappears, which means that it has reached ###. after which it returns to #.###.

Note: The absence of decimal point in edit mode implies ###. decimal point position.

Pressing the "←" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to the "Potential Transformer Primary Digit Edit" mode.

Potential Transformer Primary Digit Edit



Pressing the "▲" or "▼" key scrolls the value of the most significant digit from 0 through 9 or 9 through to 0, respectively unless the present displayed Potential Transformer Primary Value together with the Current Transformer Primary Value, previously set, results in a maximum system power of greater than 3750 MVA (1250 MVA per phase) in which case the digit range gets restricted.

Pressing the "←" key accepts the present value at the cursor position and advances the cursor to the next less significant digit.

The PT Primary value can be set from 100 VL-L to 1200 kVL-L. The value will be forced to previously set VL-L if set less than 100.

Note: The flashing digit indicates the cursor position, a steady decimal point is present to identify the scaling of the number until the cursor position coincides with the steady decimal point position. At this stage the digit will flash.

When the least significant digit has been set, pressing the "←" key shows "Pls Wait" screen which is followed by the "Potential Transformer Primary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.2).

Note : PT Values must be set as Line to Line Voltage for Primary as Well as Secondary for all system types (3P3W/3P4W/1P2W).

NOTE : The default value is '0.415 kVLL'.

3.2.1.3 Potential Transformer Secondary Value

The value must be set to the nominal full scale secondary voltage which will be obtained from the Transformer when the potential transformer (PT) primary is supplied with the voltage defined in 3.2.1.2 Potential Transformer Primary voltage. The ratio of full scale primary to full scale secondary is defined as the transformer ratio. The PT Secondary value can be set from 100VL-L to 600VL-L (according to input voltage range).



Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Current Transformer Primary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.4).

Similarly, pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Potential Transformer Primary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.2). Pressing the "◀" key advances to the "Potential Transformer Secondary Digit Edit" mode.

Potential Transformer Secondary Digit Edit



Pressing the "▲" or "▼" key scrolls the value of the most significant digit from 0 through 9 or 9 through 0, respectively.

Pressing the "◀" key accepts the present value at the cursor position and advances the cursor to the next less significant digit.

After entering the least significant digit, pressing the "◀" key sets the value and advances to the "Pls Wait" screen followed by the "Potential Transformer Secondary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.3).

NOTE : The default value is 415 VLL.

3.2.1.4 Current Transformer Primary Value

The nominal Full Scale Current that will be displayed as the Line currents. This screen enables the user to display the Line currents inclusive of any transformer ratios, the values displayed represent the Current in Amps.



Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Current Transformer Secondary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.5).

Similarly, pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Potential Transformer Secondary Value" menu (see Section 3.2.1.3).

Pressing the "←" key advances to the "Current Transformer Primary Digit Edit" mode.

Current Transformer Primary Digit Edit



Pressing the "▲" or "▼" key scrolls the value of the most significant digit from 0 through 9 or 9 through 0, respectively (with digit roll over feature) unless the present displayed Current Transformer Primary Value together with the Potential Transformer Primary Value results in a maximum system power of greater than 3750 MVA (1250 MVA per phase) in which case the digit range gets restricted, the value will wrap.

Example: If primary value of PT is set as 1200 kVL-L (max value) then primary value of Current is restricted to 1804 A.

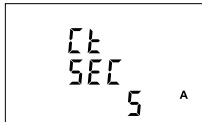
Pressing the "←" key accepts the present value at the cursor position and advances the cursor to the next less significant digit.

The "Maximum Power" restriction of 9000 MVA refers to 200% of nominal current and 120% of nominal voltage, i.e. 1250 MVA nominal power per phase.

After entering the least significant digit, pressing the "←" key sets the value and advances to the "Pls Wait" screen followed by "Current Transformer Primary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.4).

NOTE: Default value is set to '5' i.e. 5A.

3.2.1.5 Current Transformer Secondary Value



This screen is used to set the secondary value for Current Transformer. Secondary value "5" for **5A** or "1" for **1A** can be selected.

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "System Frequency" menu (see Section 3.2.1.6).

Similarly, pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Current Transformer Primary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.4).

Pressing the "←" key advances to the "CT Secondary Value Edit" mode and keys "▲" and "▼" scroll the value through the options available.

Pressing the "←" key sets the option selected and advances to "Pls Wait" screen followed by "Current Transformer Secondary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.5).

NOTE: Default value is set to '5' i.e. 5A.

3.2.1.6 System Frequency



This screen is used to set the frequency of the input. The Unit of displayed values is Hz.

Pressing the "←" key enables editing and pressing the "▲" or "▼" key scrolls through the following Options: **50,60 Hz**.

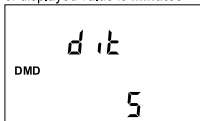
Once the desired option has been selected, pressing "←" key confirms the selection and advances to the "System Frequency" menu (see Section 3.2.1.6).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Demand Integration Time" screen (see Section 3.2.1.7) and pressing the "▼" key advances to "Current Transformer Secondary Value" screen (see Section 3.2.1.5).

**NOTE : (1) The applied frequency and the entered frequency value should be same.
(2) Default value is set to '50' Hz.**

3.2.1.7 Demand Integration Time

This screen is used to set the period over which current and power readings are to be integrated. The Unit of displayed value is **minutes**.



Pressing the "←" key enables editing and pressing keys "▲" and "▼" allows scrolling to select desired value. The user can select value upto 60 min.

Once the desired value is selected, pressing "←" key confirms the selection and advances to "Pls Wait" screen followed by "Demand Integration Time" screen (see Section 3.2.1.7).

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Auto Scrolling" screen (see Section 3.2.1.8) and pressing the "▼" key advances to "System Frequency" screen (see Section 3.2.1.6). **NOTE: Default value is set to '8' i.e. 8 min.**

3.2.1.8 Auto Scrolling



This screen allows user to enable auto screen scrolling.

Pressing "▲" key accepts the present status and advance to the "Low Current Noise Cutoff" screen (see Section 3.2.1.9). Similarly, pressing "▼" key accepts the present status and advances to the "Demand Integration Time" screen (see Section 3.2.1.7).

Pressing the "←" key allows editing and keys "▲" and "▼" allows the user to select either 'Yes' to enable autoscroll and 'No' to disable auto-scroll.

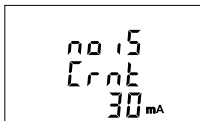
Pressing "←" key selects the status displayed and advances to "Auto Scrolling" screen (see Section 3.2.1.8).

NOTE: (1) Default value is set to 'NO'.

(2) With Autoscrolling mode ON, Menu screens(e.g. health monitor, prepaid energy, individual harmonics) can be scrolled automatically by pressing "←" key on that particular menu.

3.2.1.9 Low Current Noise Cutoff

This screen allows the user to set Low noise current cutoff in mA.



Pressing "▲" key accepts the present value and advance to "No. of Poles" screen (see Section 3.2.1.10). Similarly, pressing "▼" key accepts the present value and advance to "Auto Scrolling" screen (see Section 3.2.1.8).

Pressing the "←" key allows editing and the user can select value upto 30 mA using "▲" and "▼" keys.

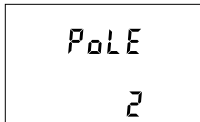
Setting 0.030 displays measured currents as 0 below 30 mA.

Pressing the “←” key confirms the selection and advances to “Low Current Noise Cutoff” screen (see Section 3.2.1.9).

NOTE: Default value is set as ‘0’ mA.

3.2.1.10 No. of Poles

This screen enables to set No. of poles of a Generator of which RPM is to be measured and to which the instrument is connected to monitor its parameters.



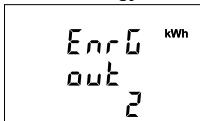
Pressing “▲” key accepts the present selection and advances to “Energy Unit” menu (see Section 3.2.1.11). Similarly, pressing “▼” key accepts the present selection and advances to “Low Current Noise Cutoff” screen (See section 3.2.1.9).

Pressing the “←” key advances to editing mode for no. of poles and pressing “▲” and “▼” keys scrolls the number from 2 to 40 and 40 to 2, respectively in steps of 2.

Pressing the “←” key selects the status displayed and enter the “No. of Poles” menu (see Section 3.2.1.10).

NOTE: Default value is set to ‘2’.

3.2.1.11 Energy Unit



This screen enables user to set energy on modbus in terms of Wh / kWh / MWh as per the requirement. Same is applicable to all types of energy.

Pressing “▲” key accepts the present value and advances to the “Energy Digit Reset Count” screen (see Section 3.2.1.12).

Similarly, pressing “▼” key accepts the present value and advances to the “No. of Poles” menu (see Section 3.2.1.10).

Pressing the “←” key will enter the editing mode for energy unit and “▲” and “▼” keys scrolls through the values 1,2 & 3 and in the reverse order, respectively, with roll over feature:

1 : Energy In Wh

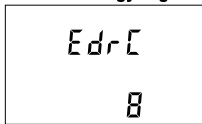
2 : Energy in kWh

3 : Energy in MWh

Pressing the “←” key sets the value selected and advances to “Pls Wait” screen followed by “Energy Output” menu (see Section 3.2.1.11).

- NOTE: 1. Default value is set to '2' i.e. Energy will be in terms of kWh/kVAh/kVAh respectively.
2. If $(PT \text{ primary}(VLL) * CT \text{ primary} * \text{Root}3) > 30000 \text{ kW}$, then Energy Output can be set only as kWh and MWh.
3. Energy on display is auto-ranging & so this setting is only applicable for modbus energy counters.
(For Energy auto-ranging refer Section 4.1.)

3.2.1.12 Energy Digit Reset Count



This screen enables user for setting maximum energy count after which energy on modbus will roll over to zero. User can select one of: **7,8,9**.

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and will advance to the "Energy Rate" screen (see Section 3.2.1.13). Similarly, pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and will advance to the "Energy Unit" menu (see Section 3.2.1.11).

Pressing the "◀" key advances to the Energy Digit Reset Count edit mode. Pressing the "▲" and "▼" key will scroll the value of reset count from 7 to 9 and 9 to 7, respectively with rollover feature.

Ex. If Energy Digit count is set to 9 then energy on modbus will reset after "999,999,999" & rollback to zero and simultaneously the corresponding **Overflow count** value increases by 1.

Pressing "◀" key sets the value selected and advances to "Pls Wait" screen followed by "Energy Digit Reset Count" screen (see Section 3.2.1.12).

NOTE : (1) Default value is set to '8' i.e. if energy count crosses 8 digits, then it will reset to zero.

(2) Energy on Display is Auto-Ranging (for details see Section 4.1)

3.2.1.13 Energy Rate

This screen allows user to enter energy update rate in minutes. After entering particular value in minutes, the energy will be updated on modbus location of 3X register and 4X register as per value that user has entered.



The user can select any integral value between **1 and 60** minutes.

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to "Impulse rate" screen (see Section 3.2.1.14).

Similarly, pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to "Energy Digit Reset Count" screen (see Section 3.2.1.12).

Pressing the "←" key advances to the Energy Rate edit mode. Pressing "▲" and "▼" scrolls the count in minutes from 1 to 60 and from 60 to 1, respectively. **Ex.** If Energy Rate is set to 2 then energy will get stored after 2 minutes on the modbus.

Pressing "←" key sets the value selected and advances to the "Energy Rate" menu (see Section 3.2.1.13).

NOTE: Default value is set to '15' i.e. 15 min.

3.2.1.14 Impulse Rate



Impulses are used to indicate the measured energy. The number of impulses indicating 1 kilo of configured energy is 6400. This screen shows user to Impulse rate.

'k' indicates value is multiplied by 1000.

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Version Information" screen (see Section 3.2.1.15). Similarly, pressing the "▼" key advances to "Energy Rate" screen (see Section 3.2.1.13).

3.2.1.15 Version Number

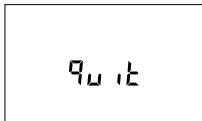


This screen shows user the current firmware version implemented in the instrument and the selected system type.

e.g. The image here displays that the firmware version is 1.01 and the instrument is currently in three phase four wire.

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "quit" screen (see Section 3.2.1.16). Similarly, pressing the "▼" key advances to "Impulse Rate" screen (see Section 3.2.1.14).

3.2.1.16 Quit System Parameters



This screen allows user to Exit from System Parameter selection setup.

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "System Type" screen (see Section 3.2.1.1). Similarly, pressing the "▼" key advances to "Version Information" screen (see Section 3.2.1.15). Pressing the "←" key advances to "System Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.1).

3.2.2 Communication Parameter Selection

3.2.2.1 Address Setting



This screen applies to the RS 485 output only. This screen allows the user to set RS 485 address for the meter.

The allowable range of addresses is 1 to 247.

Press "▲" key to advance to "RS 485 Baud Rate" screen (see Section 3.2.2.2) or press the "▼" key to advance to the "Quit Communication Parameters" screen (see Section 3.2.2.4).



Press "←" to enter into edit mode, prompt for first digit.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the value of the first digit. Press the "←" key to advance to next digit.

Similarly, enter second and third digits of address. After entering third digit, pressing "←" key confirms the selection and shows "Address Setting" screen (see Section 3.2.2.1).

NOTE : The default setting is '1'.

3.2.2.2 RS 485 Baud Rate



This screen allows the user to set Baud Rate of RS 485 port. The values displayed on screen are in kbaud.

Pressing "▲" key accepts the present value and advance to the "RS 485 Parity Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.2.3) and pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advance to the "Address Setting" screen (see Section 3.2.2.1).

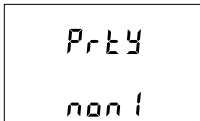
Pressing the "←" key advances to the "Baud Rate Edit" mode and "▲" & "▼" keys scrolls the value through **4.8, 9.6, 19.2, 38.4 and 57.6** kbaud.

Pressing the "←" key sets the value and shows the "RS 485 Baud Rate" screen (see Section 3.2.2.2).

NOTE: Default value is set as '9.6'.

3.2.2.3 RS 485 Parity

This screen allows the user to set Parity & number of stop bits of RS 485 port.



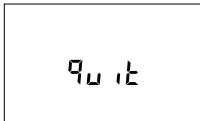
Pressing "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to "Quit Communication Parameters" screen (see section 3.2.2.4). Similarly, pressing "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to "RS 485 Baud Rate" screen (see section 3.2.2.2).

Pressing the "◀" key advances to the "Parity & Stop bit Edit" mode & keys "▲" and "▼" scrolls the value through:
nonE1 : no parity with one stop bit **nonE2** : no parity with two stop bit
EVEN : even parity with one stop bit **odd** : odd parity with one stop bit

Pressing "◀" key sets the value and advances to "RS 485 Parity Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.2.3).

NOTE: Default value is set as 'nonE1'.

3.2.2.4 Quit Communication Parameters



This screen allows user to exit from system "Communication Parameter Selection" setup.

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Address Setting" screen (see Section 3.2.2.1). Similarly, pressing the "▼" key advances to "RS 485 Parity" screen (see Section 3.2.2.3).

Pressing the "◀" key advances to "Communication Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.2).

3.2.3 Reset Parameter Selection

3.2.3.1 Resetting Parameter

This screen allows the users to reset Energy, Low(Min), high(Max), Demand, Run hour, On hour, No. of Interrupts, Tariff, Digital Input External Energy.

Reset Parameters



Reset (None)

Pressing the "←" key advances to "Reset Parameters" screen.
Pressing the "▲" or "▼" key advances to "Reset Parameter Selection" screen (see section 3.2.3).

Pressing the "↵" key advances to edit mode.

Edit mode



Pressing "▲" & "▼" keys scroll through the parameters given below:

ALL : reset all resettable parameters

dmd : reset all demand parameters

EnrG : reset all energies

HiGh : reset maximum values of voltage & current

LoW : reset minimum values of voltage & current

Hour : reset run hour & on hour

intr : reset no. of auxiliary supply interruption count

trFF : reset the tariff based energies.

EnrG Cntr : reset the digital input external energy count.

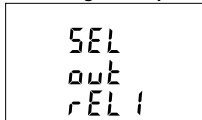
Pressing the "←" key advances to "Pls Wait" screen and resets the parameter selected followed by "Reset Parameters" screen.

Pressing the "↵" key advances to "Reset option" mode and pressing "▲" and "▼" keys advances to "Reset Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.3).

3.2.4. Output Option Selection

This screen applies to the digital output option selection. Pressing "←" key advances to "Digital Output Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1).

3.2.4.1 Digital Output Selection



A screenshot of a digital display showing the text 'SEL', 'out', and 'rEL 1' arranged vertically.

Pressing "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the following screens:

rEL1 : To select options for relay 1 / S0 1 (See section 3.2.4.1.1).

rEL2 : To select options for relay 2 (See section 3.2.4.1.1).

quit : To exit the Output Options menu and give the "Output Option Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4).

Pressing "←" key advances to Digital Output 1 or 2 Selection menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1).

3.2.4.1.1 Digital Output 1 or 2 Selection Menu



A screenshot of a digital display showing the text 'rEL 1' and 'none' arranged vertically.

Pressing "←" key makes the following options available for digital output 1 and digital output 2:

0. None: No Parameter selected for DO (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.0)

1. Pulse : DO in Pulse output mode (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.1)

2. Limit : DO in Limit output mode (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2)

3. Timer : DO in Timer output mode (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3)

4. Load Health : DO in Load Health mode (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.4)

5. Pre Paid Energy : DO in Pre Paid Energy mode
(see Section 3.2.4.1.1.5)

Press "▲" and "▼" keys to navigate between the above options and press "←" key to confirm the selection.

NOTE : The default option is set as 'None'.

3.2.4.1.1.0 None Output



A screenshot of a digital display showing the text 'rEL 1' and 'none' arranged vertically.

This screen indicates that no parameter is selected for Digital Output 1

Pressing "▲" or "▼" key takes the user back to "Digital Output Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1).

3.2.4.1.1.1 Pulse Output



This screen is used to set the pulse output parameter.

Pressing "▲" key advances to "Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.1.1) whereas pressing "▼" key advances to "Quit Pulse Output" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.1.4).

3.2.4.1.1.2 Limit Output



This screen is used to assign Digital Output in Limit mode.

Pressing "▲" key shows "Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1) whereas pressing "▼" key shows the "Quit Limit Output" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.10).

3.2.4.1.1.3 Timer Output



This screen is used to assign Digital Output in Timer mode.

Pressing "▲" key will give the Number of Cycles menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3.1) whereas pressing "▼" key gives the Quit Timer output menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3.5).

3.2.4.1.1.4 Load Health Monitor Output



This screen is used to assign Digital Output in Load Health Monitor output mode.

Pressing "▲" key advances to "Load Health Monitor Configuration" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.4.1) whereas pressing "▼" key advances to "Quit Load Health Output" menu.

3.2.4.1.1.5 Pre Paid Energy Output



This screen is used to assign Digital Output in Pre Paid Energy output mode.

Pressing "▲" key advances to "Parameter Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.5.1) whereas pressing "▼" key advances to "Quit Pre Paid Energy Output" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.5.5).

3.2.4.1.1.1.1 Parameter Selection



This screen allows the user to assign energy for pulse output. Pressing "▲" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Pulse duration selection" (see section 3.2.4.1.1.1.2) and pressing "▼" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Quit Digital Output" selection (see section 3.2.4.1.1.1.4).

Pressing the "◀" key advances to edit mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the values, as per **TABLE 2.1**, "parameters for pulse output".

Edit mode



Pressing the "◀" key sets the value & gives the "Parameter Selection" menu (see section 3.2.4.1.1.1.1).

NOTE: Default configuration is set as '0', i.e., System Wh Import.

3.2.4.1.1.1.2 Pulse Duration



This screen applies only to the Pulse mode of Digital Output. This screen allows the user to set Digital Output energization time in milliseconds.

Pressing "▲" key accepts the present value and advance to "Pulse Rate" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.1.3). Similarly, pressing "▼" key accepts the present value and advance to "Parameter Selection" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.1.1).

Pressing the "◀" key advances to "Pulse Duration Edit" mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scroll the value through **60, 100 and 200** ms.

Pressing the "◀" key selects the value and advances to "Pulse Duration " menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.1.2).

NOTE: Default value is set to '100' ms.

3.2.4.1.1.1.3 Pulse Rate



This screen applies to the Pulse Output option only. The screen allows user to set the Energy Pulse Rate divisor. Divisor values can be selected through **1,10,100,1000** as per Energy Unit (refer Section 3.2.1.11) set. Refer **TABLE 2.2** "Energy Pulse Rate Divisor" for details.

Pressing "▲" key accepts the present selection and takes to the "Quit Pulse Output" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.1.4) and pressing "▼" key accepts the present selection and takes to the "Pulse Duration" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.1.2).

Edit mode



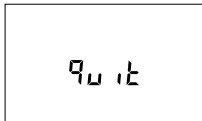
Pressing the "←" key advances to "Pulse Rate Divisor Edit" mode & keys "▲" and "▼" scrolls the value through the values 1,10,100 and 1000.

Pressing the "↩" key gives the "Pulse Rate" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.1.3).

The default setting is '1'.

Note: If energy unit/resolution is in kWh or Mwh then value is default 1.

3.2.4.1.1.1.4 Quit Pulse Output



The screen allows user to exit the Pulse Output selection menu.

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Pulse Output" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.1) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Pulse Rate" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.1.3).

Pressing "↩" key advances to the "Digital Output Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1).

3.2.4.1.1.2.1 Limit Output Parameters



This screen is for **Limit output mode selection**. It allows the user to set Limit output corresponding measured value. Refer **TABLE 3** "Parameter for Limit output" for assignment.

Pressing "▲" key accepts the present parameter and for energy parameters 37 to 41 and 200 to 232 as present value, advances to the "Energy Trip Point" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2.5) whereas for other values, advances to the "Alarm Configuration" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.2).

Whereas pressing "▼" key accepts the present parameter and advances to the selected "Limit Output" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2).

Pressing the "←" key advances to "Digital Output Limit Parameter Selection" mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls the values, as per **TABLE 3**, "Parameter for Limit Output".

Again, Pressing the "←" key advances to "Limit Output Parameters" menu screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1).

3.2.4.1.1.2.2 Alarm Configuration



This screen is used to set the Alarm Configuration for Digital Output. Selecting values other than 37 to 41 and 200 to 232 as Limit Output Parameter (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1) allows the user select one of the following configurations:

High (To Operate the Digital Output when selected parameter value is greater than trip point)

Low (To Operate the Digital Output when selected parameter value is less than trip point)



Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present selection and advances to the "Trip Point" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2.3) and pressing the "▼" key accepts the present selection and advances to the "Limit Output Parameters" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1).

Pressing the "←" key advances to Alarm Configuration edit mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the available configurations. Pressing the "←" key sets the displayed value and advances to "Alarm Configuration" Screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.2).

NOTE: Default configuration is set to 'High'.

Similarly, Limit - 2 and Limit - 3 parameters can be configured to set the alarm for digital output in a similar way to that of Limit - 1 (Given that one of the two Logic Operations (see Section 2.5.1.1.2.6) is active).

3.2.4.1.1.2.3 Trip Point

This screen applies to Trip point selection for parameters other than 37 to 41 & 200 to 232 (Refer **TABLE 3**) selected in Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1.



This screen allows the user to set Trip point for selected limit digital output. The allowable range is **10% to 120% for High Alarm, 10% to 100% for Low Alarm** (refer **TABLE 3**).

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Hysteresis" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2.4) and pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Alarm Configuration" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.2).

Pressing "←" key prompts the first decimal. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the decimal position. Again, pressing the "←" key prompts the first digit, and pressing "▲" & "▼" key scroll through the value of the first digit. Pressing "←" key prompts the second digit. Similarly, enter third and fourth digits also.

Note: Default value is set to '10.00' %.

3.2.4.1.1.2.4 Hysteresis



This screen applies to the Hysteresis selection. This screen allows the user to set Hysteresis for digital output.

The allowable range is **0.5% to 50.0 %** of Trip point.

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Logic Operation Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.6) and pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Trip Point" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.3).



Pressing "←" key prompts for first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" key to scroll the value of the first digit. Press the "←" key to advance to next digit.

The second digit prompts. Press "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll through 0 and 9 and "←" key to set the digit and advance to the third digit. The third digit prompts. Press "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll through 0 and 9.

Press "←" to confirm the value and advance to "Hysteresis" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.4). Refer Section 5.2 for further details.

Note: Default value is set to '00.5' %.

3.2.4.1.1.2.5 Energy Trip Point

This screen applies to the Energy Trip point selection for parameters 37 to 41 and 200 to 232 (Refer **TABLE 3**) selected in Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1.



This screen is used to trip the digital output using the energy count. The digital output trips after the lapse of "ON Delay" time (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.8) from the moment the energy count reaches the value of Energy Trip Point set by the user in addition to its value at the moment the Energy Trip Point is set.

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Logic Operation Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.6) and pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Limit Output Parameters" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1).

Pressing the "←" key advances to Energy Count Configuration edit mode.



Press "←" key, prompt for the first digit.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the value between 0 and 9, whereas Press the "←" key to lock the present selection and advance to next digit.

Similarly, lock the value of all the remaining digits of the 7 digit count in a similar way until the last digit is reached.



Pressing the "←" key for the last digit sets the value for Energy Trip Point.

For example, if the value set for Energy Trip Point is 888 and the value of the corresponding parameter at the moment this value is set is 1077, then the digital output will trip after x sec of the moment the value of the parameter becomes 1965 (= 1077 + 888), where x is the ON Delay (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.8).

The value of Energy Trip Point can range from **10 to 9999999**.

NOTE : Default value is set to '10'.

Similarly, Limit - 2 and Limit - 3 parameters can be configured to trip the digital output in a similar way to that of Limit - 1 (Given that one of the two Logic Operations (see Section .2.5.1.1.2.6) is active)

⚠ Caution: Once the digital output has tripped, then to reactivate the Energy Tripping function, the user has to either reset the energy or re-enter the energy count.

3.2.4.1.1.2.6 Logic Operation Selection



This screen is used to perform the logical operation between the three limit parameters. i.e. Limit - 1, Limit - 2 and Limit - 3.

User can perform any of the following operations using this screen :

- 1) **None** (To trip the digital output based on only one limit parameter)
- 2) **AND** (To trip the digital output when all the three limit parameters conditions are satisfied)
- 3) **OR** (To trip the digital output when any one of the three limit parameters conditions are satisfied)

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present value and advances to the "Digital Output Configuration" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.7).

Pressing the "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to the :

i)"Limit - 1 setting screens (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1 to Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.5) in case of logical operation is set as "None" (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.6).

OR

ii)"Limit - 3 setting screens (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1 to Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.5) in case of logical operation is set as other than "None" (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.6).

Pressing the "←" key advances to Logic Operation edit mode.



Pressing "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the options available.

- 1) nonE
- 2) And
- 3) or

Pressing the "←" key sets the displayed value and advances to "Logic Operation" Screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.6).

Note : (1) **Default Selection is set to 'None'**.

(2) Limit Output Parameter Screens (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1) for **Limit - 2** and **Limit - 3** are displayed or configured only when logic operation screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.6) is set as **AND** or **OR** .

3.2.4.1.1.2.7 Digital Output Configuration



This screen is used to select one of the two configurations of the digital output for the selected limit output parameter. (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.1)

Pressing the "▲" key accepts the present selection and advances to the "ON Delay" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2.8) and pressing the "▼" key accepts the present selection and advances to the "Logic Operation" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.2.6).

Digital Output Configuration Edit Mode



Pressing the "◀" key advances to Digital Output Configuration edit mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the modes available.

EnrG (To Energize Digital Output)
d-Enr (To De-Energize Digital Output)

Note: Default configuration is set to 'EnrG'.

(For details refer to section 5.2)

Pressing the "◀" key sets the selected config. and advances to "Digital Output Configuration" menu screen (See section 3.2.4.1.1.2.7).

3.2.4.1.1.2.8 Limit Output ON Delay



This screen allows the user to set ON Delay time in **seconds** for Digital Output Limit Assigned Parameter.

Pressing "▲" key accepts the present value and advance to "Limit Output OFF Delay" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.9) and pressing "▼" key accepts the present value and advances to "Digital Output Configuration" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.7).

ON Delay Edit Mode



Press “←” key, prompt for the first digit.
Press the “▲” and “▼” keys to scroll the values of the first digit.
Press the “←” key to advance to next digit.

Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also.

After the fourth digit is entered, pressing “←” key sets the value and advances to “Limit Output ON Delay” screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.8).

The value of ON Delay can be set between **1 and 9999** seconds.

Note: Default value is set to ‘1’ second.

3.2.4.1.1.2.9 Limit Output OFF Delay

This screen allows the user to set OFF Delay time in **seconds** for Digital Output Limit Assigned Parameters.



Pressing “▲” key accepts the present value and takes user to “Quit Limit Output” menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.1.2.10).
Similarly, pressing “▼” key accepts the present value and takes user to “Limit Output ON Delay” menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.1.2.8).

Pressing the “←” key advances to “OFF Delay” Edit mode.

OFF Delay Edit Mode



Pressing “←” key prompts for first digit.
Press the “▲” and “▼” key to scroll the value of the first digit.
Press the “←” key to advance to second digit.

The second digit prompts. Press “▲” and “▼” keys to scroll through 0 and 9 and “←” key to set the digit and advance to the third digit.

The third digit prompts. Press “▲” and “▼” keys to scroll through 0 and 9 and “←” key to set the digit and advance to the fourth digit.

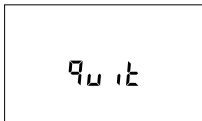
Press “▲” and “▼” keys to scroll through 0 and 9.

Press “←” key to confirm the value and advance to “Limit Output OFF Delay” screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.9).

The value of OFF Delay can be set between **1 and 9999** seconds.

Note: Default value is set to ‘1’ second.

3.2.4.1.1.2.10 Quit Limit Output



The screen allows user to exit the digital output selection menu.

Pressing "▲" key advances to "Limit Output" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.2) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Limit Output OFF Delay" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.2.9).

Pressing "◀" key advances to "Digital Output Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1).

3.2.4.1.1.3.1 Number of Cycles



The value decides how many times the timer will repeat the switching after it has been started in the **timer based digital output option**.

Pressing "▲" key confirms the value and advances to the "Timer Configuration" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3.2) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Timer" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3).

The value for this **parameter can range from 0000 to 9999**.

If the value is set as 0000, the timer will keep repeating the cycles until 9999 cycles are complete or the timer is stopped by the user. Refer Section 5.3 for more details.



Press "◀" key, prompt for the first digit.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit. Press the "◀" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also.

After the fourth digit has been entered, pressing "◀" key sets the value and advances to "Number of Cycles" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3.1).

The default setting is '10' cycles.

3.2.4.1.1.3.2 Timer Configuration



CONF
SEL
EnrG

The option decides the digital output configuration for timer output. Two options are available:

1. **EnrG** : Energize on start
2. **dEnr** : De-energize on start.

Pressing "▲" key confirms the selection and advances to the "On Delay" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3.3) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Number of Cycles" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3.1).

Digital Output Configuration Edit Mode



CONF
SEL
EnrG

Press "←" key to enter the edit mode and press "▲" and "▼" keys to navigate between the options.

Pressing "↵" key sets the selected config. and advances to the Timer Configuration menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3.2).

Note : The default setting is 'EnrG'.

3.2.4.1.1.3.3 Timer On Delay



ON
DELY
00 10

The value decides the time in seconds taken by the digital output in timer configuration before tripping after it is started.

Pressing "▲" key confirms the value and advances to the "Off Delay" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3.4) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Timer Configuration" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3.2).

Press "←" key, prompt for the first digit.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

ON Delay Edit Mode



A digital display showing the text 'ON DELY' on the top two lines and '00 10' on the bottom line. The '0' in '00' is slightly dimmer than the other digits.

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. After the fourth digit is entered, pressing "←" key sets the value and advances to "On Delay" screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3.3).

The value for this parameter can range from 0001 to 9999 seconds.
Note : The default value is '10' seconds.

3.2.4.1.1.3.4 Timer Off Delay



A digital display showing the text 'OFF DELY' on the top two lines and '00 10' on the bottom line. The '0' in '00' is slightly dimmer than the other digits.

The value decides the time in seconds taken by the digital output in timer configuration before coming out of the trip state after it has tripped.

Pressing "▲" key confirms the value and advances to the "Quit Timer Output" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3.5) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "On Delay" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.3.3).

Press "←" key, prompt for the first digit.

OFF Delay Edit Mode



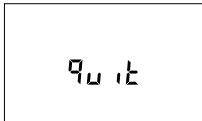
A digital display showing the text 'OFF DELY' on the top two lines and '00 10' on the bottom line. The '0' in '00' is slightly dimmer than the other digits.

Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit. Press the "←" key to advance to next digit.

Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. After the fourth digit has been entered, pressing "←" key sets the value and advances to Off Delay screen (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3.4).

The value for this parameter can range from 0001 to 9999 seconds.
Note : The default value is '10' seconds.

3.2.4.1.1.3.5 Quit Timer Output



The screen allows user to exit the Timer output menu.

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Timer Output" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3) and pressing "▼" key advances to "Off Delay" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.3.4).

Pressing "←" key advances to "Digital Output Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1).

3.2.4.1.1.4.1 Load Health Monitor Configuration



The option decides the digital output configuration for Load Health Monitor output. Two options are available:

1. **EnrG** : Energize on fault
2. **dEnr** : De-energize on fault.

Pressing "▲" key confirms the selection and advances to the "Quit" screen menu for selected digital output and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Load Health Output" menu (See section 3.2.4.1.1.4).

Digital Output Configuration Edit Mode

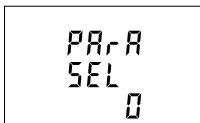


Press "←" key to enter the edit mode and press "▲" and "▼" keys to navigate between the options.

Pressing "←" key sets the selected config. and advances to the "Load Health Monitor" Configuration menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.4.1).

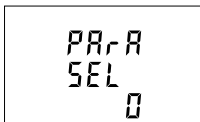
Note : The default setting is 'EnrG'.

3.2.4.1.1.5.1 Parameter Selection



This screen allows user to assign energy parameters as per **TABLE - 2.1** for **Pre-Paid Energy output**. Pressing "▲" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Unit Cost" (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.2) selection & pressing "▼" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Pre-Paid Energy Output" menu (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5).

Parameter Selection Edit mode



Pressing the "←" key advances to edit mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the energy parameters as per **TABLE 2.1**.

Pressing the "↵" key sets the value & gives the "Parameter Selection" menu (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.1).

NOTE: Default configuration is set as '0'.

3.2.4.1.1.5.2 Unit Cost



This screen allows the user to assign unit cost (i.e. cost per kilo) for the selected energy parameter.

Pressing "▲" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Top up recharge" (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.3) screen and pressing "▼" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Parameter Selection" (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.1) screen.

Pressing the "←" key advances to edit mode and "▲" and "▼" scrolls through the required cost.

Unit Cost Edit mode



(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the decimal point must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal point position to the right until it disappears, which means that it has reached ####. after which it returns to #.###.

Note: The absence of decimal point in edit mode implies ####. decimal point position.

Pressing the "◀" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys through scroll the values of the first digit.

Press the "◀" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. Unit cost ranges from 1 to 999.

Note: Default value is set to "1.000".

3.2.4.1.1.5.3 Topup Recharge



This screen allows the user to assign topup recharge for the energy parameter. Pressing "▲" key accepts the present setting and advance to "New recharge" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.4) and pressing "▼" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Unit cost" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.2).

Pressing the "◀" key advances to edit mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the required topup recharge.

Topup Recharge Edit mode



Pressing the "←" key advances to the first digit position. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third until seventh digit.

Note: Default value is set to "100".

Note: Topup recharge range depends on Energy resolution unit(see Section 3.2.1.11)

1. When Energy resolution is "1", then topup recharge range will be from 1 to 9999.
2. When Energy resolution is "2 or 3", then topup recharge range will be from 1 to 999999.

3.2.4.1.1.5.4 New Recharge



This screen allows the user to assign New recharge for the energy parameter. Pressing "▲" key accepts the present setting and advance to "quit" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.5) and pressing "▼" key accepts the present setting and advance to "Topup recharge" screen (see section 3.2.4.1.1.5.3).

Pressing the "←" key advances to edit mode and "▲" and "▼" keys scrolls through the required New recharge.

Unit Cost Edit mode



Pressing the "←" key advances to the first digit position. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

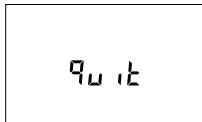
Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third until seventh digit.

Note: Default value is set to "100".

Note: Topup recharge range depends on Energy resolution unit(see Section 3.2.1.11)

1. When Energy resolution is "1", then topup recharge range will be from 1 to 9999.
2. When Energy resolution is "2 or 3", then topup recharge range will be from 1 to 9999999.

3.2.4.1.1.5.5 Quit Pre Paid Energy Output



The screen allows user to exit the Pre Paid Energy output menu.

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Pre Paid Energy Output" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.5) and pressing "▼" key advances to "New Recharge" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1.1.5.4).

Pressing "←" key advances to "Digital Output Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.4.1).

3.2.5 Load Health Parameter Selection

3.2.5.1 Unbalance Voltage Limit



This screen allows the user to set Trip point for instruments when the voltage is unbalance.

Pressing "▲" key accept the present value and advances to "Unbalance current limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.2). Pressing "▼" key advances to "Quit Load Health" screen (see Section 3.2.5.7).

Pressing "←" key advances to Edit mode.

Edit mode



(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the "decimal point must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal point position to the right & left respectively until it disappears, which means that it has reached #####. after which it returns to #.### or ###.#

Pressing the "←" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

Press the "▲" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. **Value ranges from 5% to 20%**

Note: Default value is set to 20%.

3.2.5.2 Unbalance Current Limit



This screen allows the user to set Trip point for instrument, when the Current is unbalance.

Pressing "▲" key accept the present value and advances to "Under Frequency limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.3). Pressing "▼" key advances to "Unbalance voltage limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.1).

Pressing "←" key advances to Edit mode.

Edit mode



(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the "decimal point must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal point position to the right & left respectively until it disappears, which means that it has reached # # # #. after which it returns to #. # # # or # # #. #

Pressing the "←" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. **Value ranges from 5% to 20%**

Note: (1) Default value is set to 20%.

(2) Setting Values as "0000" will disable this function.

3.2.5.3 Under Frequency Limit



This screen allows the user to set Trip point for instruments when the system frequency is under the tripping point.

Pressing "▲" key accept the present value and advances to "Under voltage limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.4). Pressing "▼" key advances to "Unbalance Current limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.2).

Pressing "←" key advances to Edit mode.

Edit mode



(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the decimal point must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal point position to the right & left respectively until it disappears, which means that it has reached #####. after which it returns to #.### or ###.#.

Pressing the "←" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. **Value ranges from 95% to 99%**

Note: (1) Default value is set to 95%.

(2) Setting Values as "0000" will disable this function.

3.2.5.4 Under Voltage Limit



This screen allows the user to set Trip point for instruments when the voltage is under the tripping point.

Pressing "▲" key accept the present value and advances to "Over voltage limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.5). Pressing "▼" key advances to "Under frequency limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.3).

Pressing "←" key advances to Edit mode.

Edit mode



(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the decimal pt. must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal pt. position to the right & left respectively until it disappears, which means that it has reached #####. after which it returns to #.### or ###.#.

Pressing the "←" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. **Value ranges from 70% to 90%**

Note: (1) Default value is set to 70%.

(2) Setting Values as "0000" will disable this function.

3.2.5.5 Over Voltage Limit



This screen allows the user to set Trip point for instruments when the voltage is above the tripping point.

Pressing "▲" key accept the present value and advances to "Over current limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.6). Pressing "▼" key advances to "Under voltage limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.4).

Pressing "←" key advances to Edit mode.

Edit mode



(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the decimal pt. must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal pt. position to the right & left respectively until it disappears, which means that it has reached ####. after which it returns to #.### or ###.#

Pressing the "←" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. **Value ranges from 110% to 120%**

Note: (1) Default value is set to 120%.

(2) Setting Values as "0000" will disable this function.

3.2.5.6 Over Current Limit



This screen allows the user to set Trip point for instruments when the nominal current of system is above the tripping point.

Pressing "▲" key accept the present value and advances to "Quit Load Health" screen (see Section 3.2.5.7). Pressing "▼" key advances to "Over Voltage limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.5).

Pressing "←" key advances to Edit mode.

Edit mode



(Flashing decimal point indicates the cursor position). Initially the decimal pt. must be selected, pressing the "▲" or "▼" key moves the decimal pt. position to the right & left respectively until it disappears, which means that it has reached ####. after which it returns to #.### or ###.#

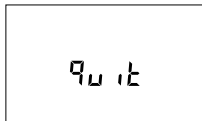
Pressing the "←" key accepts the present decimal point position and advances to first digit. Press the "▲" and "▼" keys to scroll the values of the first digit.

Press the "←" key to advance to next digit. Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also. **Value ranges from 50% to 120%**

Note: (1) Default value is set to 120%.

(2) Setting Values as "0000" will disable this function.

3.2.5.7 Quit Load Health



The screen allows user to exit the Load Health Parameter menu.

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Unbalance Voltage limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.1) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Over current limit" screen (see Section 3.2.5.6).

Pressing "←" key advances to the "Load health Parameter" menu (see Section 3.2.5).

3.2.6 Digital Input Parameter Selection

3.2.6.1 De-Bounce Time



The screen allows user to set the De-bounce time for the digital inputs. When selected in Pulse mode, debounce time is the minimum time period for which the pulse should be high in order to be considered as a valid pulse. This setting is done in milliseconds.

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Digital Input 1 Mode Selection" (see Section 3.2.6.2) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Quit Digital Input" screen (see Section 3.2.6.6).

Pressing "←" key advances to the edit mode.

Note : Default value is set to "0010" milliseconds

Edit mode



Pressing the "←" key prompts for the first digit.
Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys scroll the values of the first digit.

Similarly, enter second, third and fourth digits also.

After the fourth digit is entered, pressing "←" key sets the value and advances to "De-bounce time" menu screen (see Section 3.2.6.1).

3.2.6.2 Digital Input 1 Mode Selection



This screen allows the user to set the digital input in one of the three modes.

- 1) Status
- 2) Tariff*
- 3) Pulse

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Digital input 1 pulse multiplier" screen (see Section 3.2.6.3) when **pulse** mode is selected and to "Digital Input 2 Mode Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.6.4) when other than **pulse** mode is selected. Pressing the "▼" key advances to "De-bounce Time" Selection Screen (see Section 3.2.6.1)

Pressing the "←" key advances to Edit Mode.

***Note :** When DI1 is selected in Tariff mode, then no input present on DI1 indicates Tariff 1 and an input present on DI1 indicates Tariff 2.

Edit mode



Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys lets the user scroll through the available options.

Pressing the "←" key confirms the selection & takes the user to the "Digital Input 1 Mode Selection" menu screen.(see Section 3.2.6.2)

Note : Default configuration is set to "status".

3.2.6.3 Digital Input 1 Pulse Multiplier



The screen allows user to set the values of the Digital Input 1 Pulse Multiplier.

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Digital Input 2 Mode Selection" (see Section 3.2.6.4) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Digital Input 2 Mode Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.6.2).

Edit mode



Pressing the "←" key prompts for the first digit.
Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys scroll the values of the first digit.
Pressing the "←" key advances to the next digit.

Similarly, enter third and fourth digits also.

After the fourth digit is entered, pressing "←" key sets the value and advances to "Digital Input 1 Pulse Multiplier" menu screen. (see Section 3.2.6.3)

Note : Default value is set to '0001'.

3.2.6.4 Digital Input 2 Mode Selection



This screen allows the user to set the digital input in one of the two modes.

- 1) Status
- 2) Pulse

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Digital input 2 pulse multiplier"(see Section 3.2.6.5) when **pulse** mode is selected and to "Quit Screen" (see Section 3.2.6.6) when other than **pulse** mode is selected.

Pressing the "▼" key advances to "Digital Input 1 Pulse Multiplier" Screen (see Section 3.2.6.3) when pulse mode is selected and to Digital Input 1 Mode Selection Screen (see Section 3.2.6.2) when other than pulse mode is selected.

Pressing the "←" key advances to Edit Mode.

Edit mode



Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys lets the user scroll through the available options.

Pressing the "◀" key confirms the selection and takes the user to the Digital Input 2 Mode Selection Menu.(see Section 3.2.6.4)

Note : Default configuration is set to "status"

3.2.6.5 Digital Input 2 Pulse Multiplier



The screen allows user to set the values of the Digital Input 2 Pulse Multiplier.

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Quit Digital Input" Screen (see Section 3.2.6.6) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Digital Input 2 Mode Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.6.4).

Edit mode



Pressing the "◀" key prompts for the first digit.

Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys scroll the values of the first digit.

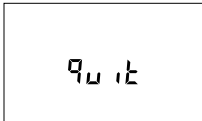
Pressing the "◀" key prompts for the next digit.

Similarly, enter third and fourth digits also.

After the fourth digit is entered, pressing "◀" key sets the value and advances to "Digital Input 2 Pulse Multiplier" Menu. (see Section 3.2.6.3)

Note : Default value is set to '0001'.

3.2.6.6 Quit Digital Input

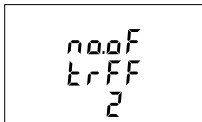


Pressing the "◀" key takes the user out of the Digital Input Selection Screen and advances to the Digital Input Menu. (see Section 3.2.6)

Pressing "▲" key advances to the "De-bounce Time" Selection Screen (see Section 3.2.6.1) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Digital Input 2 Mode Selection" setting screens (see Section 3.2.6.4 & Section 3.2.6.5).

3.2.7 Tariff Parameter Selection

3.2.7.1 Number of Tariff Selection

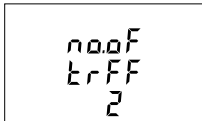


This screen allows the user to set multiple tariff (upto 2) on Digital Input 1.

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Tariff Mode Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.7.2) and pressing the "▼" key advances to "Quit Tariff Parameters" Screen (see Section 3.2.7.4)

Pressing the "←" key advances to Number of Tariff Selection Edit Mode.

Edit mode



Pressing the "←" key prompts the shown digit and pressing "▲" "▼" keys lets the user scroll through the available options.

Pressing the "←" key confirms the selected value and advances to "Number of Tariff Selection" menu screen. (see Section 3.2.7.1)

3.2.7.2 Tariff Mode Selection



This screen allows the user to select the available tariff modes.

- 1) Modbus
- 2) Digital Input *

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Tariff Energies Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.7.3) and pressing the "▼" key advances to "Number of Tariff Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.7.1)

Pressing the "←" key advances to Tariff Mode Selection Edit Mode.

Edit mode



Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys lets the user scroll through the available options.

Pressing the "←" key confirms the selected option and advances to "Tariff Mode Selection" menu screen. (see Section 3.2.7.2)

***NOTE :** The Digital Input Option can only be selected and shown when the "Digital Input 1" mode (see Section 3.2.6.2) is configured as Tariff. No input present at DI1 indicates Tariff 1 and an input present at DI1 indicates Tariff 2.

3.2.7.3 Tariff Energies Selection



This screen allows the user to select first of the total six tariff energies.

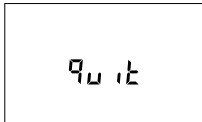
Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Tariff Energy - 2" and pressing "▼" key advances to "tariff mode selection" menu. (see Section 3.2.7.2)

Pressing the "←" key advances to the edit mode and pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys lets the user select the energy parameter as per TABLE 2.1

Pressing the "←" key confirms the selected value and take the user out of the edit mode.

Note : Similarly User can select six different tariff energies.

3.2.7.4 Quit Tariff Parameters



Pressing "▲" key advances to the "Number of Tariff" Selection Screen (see Section 3.2.7.1) and pressing "▼" key advances to the "Tariff Energy Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.7.3).

Pressing the "←" key takes the user out of the Tariff Parameters Selection Screen and advances to the Tariff Parameter Menu Screen. (see Section 3.2.7)

3.2.8 Display Parameter Selection

3.2.8.1 Feature Selection Menu



This menu allows the user to scroll through different Display Configurable features:

SEL bCLt PAR A : backlit on/off

SEL Scrn PAR A : user screen on/off

SEL Cont PAR A : Contrast level

SEL diSP PAR A : LCD Display all symbols glow

quit : to exit Display Parameters screen

Pressing the "◀" key advances to the listed features (see Section 3.2.8.1.1 to Section 3.2.8.1.5).

3.2.8.1.1 Backlit



This screen allows the user to switch the backlit on or off.

Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys advances to "User Assignable Screens" (see Section 3.2.8.1.2) and "Quit Display Parameters" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.5), respectively.

Pressing the "◀" key takes the user into edit mode.

Backlit Edit Mode



In Edit Mode, pressing "▲" and "▼" keys allows the user to scroll between On/OFF and pressing "◀" key confirms the selection.

Pressing "◀" key again advances to editing mode whereas pressing "▲" or "▼" keys advances to "Feature Selection" menu screen (see Section 3.2.8.1.1).

Note: (1) Default value is set to 'On'.

(2) When backlit is switched 'Off', on pressing any key backlit will turn 'On' for 1 min.

3.2.8.1.2 User Assignable Screens

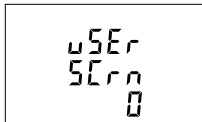


This screen allows the user to enable or disable the User Screen feature.

Using this feature, the user can select upto 10 measurement screens of choice and scroll through only those selected screens.

Pressing the "←" key allows the user to advance to the "Screen Number Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.2.1) whereas pressing the "▼" and "▲" keys advances to "Backlit" menu screen (see Section 3.2.8.1.1) and "Contrast" menu screen (see Section 3.2.8.1.3), respectively.

3.2.8.1.2.1 Screen Number Selection



Pressing the "▲" key sets the present value for the number of screens to be shown and advance towards the "User Screens Selection" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.2.2) whereas pressing the "▼" key sets the present value and advance to "Quit Userscreens" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.2.3).

Pressing "←" key allow the user to set a different value for the number of user assignable screens using "▲" and "▼" keys.

The user can set the number of screens from 1 to 10.

User Screen Edit Mode



Pressing "←" key sets the selected value and advances to "Screen Number Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.8.1.2.1).

- Note:** 1. The value 0 should be chosen if the user wants all the screens to be shown.
2. If User Screen feature is ON and System type is changed, then the Userscreen is disabled.

Note : The default setting is '0', i.e., all screens are shown.

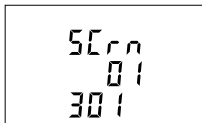
3.2.8.1.2.2 User Screens Selection



Pressing the "▲" key confirms the selection and allows the user to proceed for setting the next userscreen until the last userscreen is set which is followed by the "Quit UserScreens" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.2.3).

Whereas pressing the "▼" key confirms the selection and take to the previous userscreen set until the first userscreen is reached which is followed by the "Screen Number Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.8.1.2.1).

User Screen Selection Edit Mode

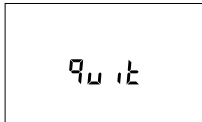


Pressing the "←" key advances the User Screen Edit mode and pressing "▲" and "▼" keys scroll the value as per **TABLE 1.1**, **TABLE 1.3**, **TABLE 1.4**

Pressing "←" key sets the displayed value & advance to User Screen Selection (see Section 3.2.8.1.2.2) for the corresponding screen number.

Note : User needs to put the combination of key number and screen number at this screen. Refer TABLE 1 for screen number. For example, to select screen number 3 of 'V/A key' (key number 1), assign 103 to the corresponding screen number. Similarly, 'P key' and 'Sys key' have key number 2 and 3, respectively.

3.2.8.1.2.3 Quit Userscreens



This screen is used to exit User defined Screen selection.

Pressing the "←" key advances to the "User Assignable Screens" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.2).

3.2.8.1.3 Contrast

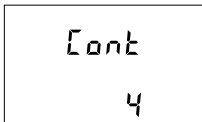


This screen allows the user to set the contrast for the display.

Pressing the "▲" and "▼" keys advances to "Display Test Screen" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.4) and "User Assignable Screens" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.2), respectively.

Pressing the "◀" key shows the present contrast value and pressing "▶" key again will allow editing it whereas "▲" and "▼" keys advances to the "Contrast" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.3).

Contrast Edit Mode



In Edit Mode, pressing "▲" and "▼" keys allows the user to scroll between **contrast levels ranging from 1 to 4** and pressing "◀" key confirms the selection.

Pressing "▶" key advances to editing mode whereas pressing "▲" or "▼" keys advances to the "Contrast" menu (see Section 3.2.8.1.3).

Note : Default value is set to '3'.

3.2.8.1.4 Display Test Screen



This screen allows the user to check if there is any fault in one of the symbols or segments on the LCD display by completely turning on the display.

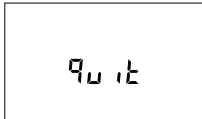
Pressing "▲" and "▼" key advances to Quit Screen (see Section 3.2.8.5) and Contrast Screen (see Section 3.2.8.3) respectively.

Whereas pressing "▶" key advances to the All ON Display.



In All ON mode pressing "▲" or "▼" key takes the user back to "Display Test" (see Section 3.2.8.1.4) menu screen.

3.2.8.1.5 Quit Display Parameters

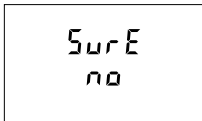


This screen allows user to Exit from Display Parameter Selection setup.

Pressing the "▲" key advances to "Select Backlit Para" screen. (see Section 3.2.8.1). Whereas pressing the "▼" key advances to "Display Test screen" screen. (see Section 3.2.8.1.4).

Pressing the "◀" key advances to "Display Parameter Selection" screen (see Section 3.2.8).

3.2.9.1 Factory Reset Selection



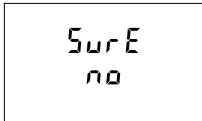
This screen allows the user to erase all data from the meter and set all setup parameters to their default values.

Pressing the "◀" key advances to the "Sure" (confirmation) screen which displays a "no".

Pressing "▲" or "▼" key advances to Factory Reset Menu(see Section 3.2.9).

Whereas pressing "◀" key advances to the Factory Reset selection screen.

Factory Reset Selection Screen



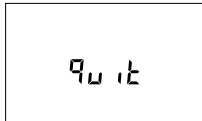
Pressing "▲" or "▼" key allows the user to select between "YES" or "no".

YES : Allow Factory Reset

no : Don't allow Factory Reset

Pressing "◀" accepts the selection and if the selection is "YES", advances to "Pls Wait" screen followed by the "Sure" screen of "Factory Reset Screen" (see Section 3.2.9). If the selection is "no", then "Pls Wait" screen does not appear.

3.2.10 Setup Quit



This screen allows the user to exit the setup menu.

Pressing the "▲" key advances to the System Parameter Selection (see Section 3.2.1) screen and pressing the "▼" key advances to the "Factory Reset" (see Section 3.2.9) menu.

Pressing "◀" key quits from the Setup menu and advance to measurement screen at which the setup screen was accessed.

4. Energy Auto-Ranging On Display :

4.1 Calculating Display energy (Auto-ranging):

In case of energy auto-ranging the energy shown on modbus will be in terms of Overflow count (OF) & main energy counter (M) based on energy unit/resolution & energy digit reset count (EDRC). So energy on modbus will have unit set in energy resolution on modbus (ie. Wh or kWh or MWh) & overflow energy counter (OF) on modbus will increment when main energy counter (M) on modbus will cross the number of digits set in energy digit reset count (EDRC) register (i.e. 7 or 8 or 9).

Whereas energy shown on display will be Combined energy (ie. Calculated from overflow count (OF) on modbus & main energy Count (M) on modbus) auto ranged based on the 9 digits available on display to show energy.

Hence the purpose of this document is to establish a relation between modbus energy counters & display energy.

$$\text{Total Energy} = \text{OF} \times 10^{\text{EDRC}} + \text{M}$$

Where: OF => Overflow Count on modbus

e.g.

Modbus register for Overflow count (OF):

Wh import Overflow count => 30109 Or 40109

M => Main Energy Counter on modbus

e.g.

Modbus registers for Main energy Count (M):

Wh import => 30111 Or 40111

NOTE : Refer the interface definition manual of this product for modbus register addresses for energy parameters.

EDRC => Energy digit reset count set by user from display or modbus
For display setting refer Section 3.2.1.12.
For modbus refer Register 46023.

Example for Calculating Display Energy from modbus Energy Counters:

Energy unit/resolution on modbus register 46021 is set to 2 (ie. It will measure energy in kWh).

Overflow count (OF) value on modbus register 30109 for watt Import is 25.

Energy main counter (M) value on modbus register 30111 for watt import is 2587413.189

Energy digit reset count (EDRC) set by user in modbus register 46023 is 8.

Then,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total Energy} &= 25 \times 10^8 + 2587413.189 \\ &= 2500000000 + 2587413.189 \\ &= 2502587413.189 \text{ kWh}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore Energy shown on display will be:
= 2502587.41 MWh

As maximum number of digits for displaying energy present on display is 9 and the value of Total Energy in above example exceeds 9 counts so Energy in kWh is converted to MWh for displaying as shown above.

Note: As maximum energy shown on the display is XXXXXXXXX (9 Count) MWh so if count of above calculation for Total energy exceeds XXXXXXXXX (9 Count) MWh then the display will show "—oF—" with unit MWh that indicates display energy has overflowed. This condition will only get reset if the Total Energy Count gets reset.

Overflow count (OF) on modbus will reset to 0 if it exceeds 99999999 in case of Wh resolution, 99999 in case of kWh resolution & 99 in case of MWh resolution.

4.2 Entering Energy start count:

(Applicable for meter with modbus or Ethernet)

Energy start count is the feature that allows user to set count from which the meter should start incrementing energy. The start count can be set for main energy start counter & Overflow energy start Counter separately from modbus or Ethernet. Setting of energy start count is dependent on Energy resolution & Energy digit reset count (EDRC).

Energy unit/resolution on modbus can be set by user from display (See Section 3.2.1.11) or from modbus (refer modbus register 46021).

Value for Energy resolution can be set to Wh,kWh or MWh.

Minimum resolution of energy that can be set in energy start count register is, the Energy resolution set by user.

For Eg.: Energy start count can be set to minimum 1Wh if the value on modbus register 46021 is set to Wh Or Energy start count can be set to minimum 1MWh if the value on modbus register 46021 is set to MWh.

Maximum value that can be set in the main energy start count register is $(10^{(EDRC)}-1)$.

Where:

EDRC => Energy digit reset count set by user from display or modbus

For display setting refer Section 3.2.1.12.

For modbus refer Register 46023

Example for calculating maximum limit of main energy start count :

If EDRC is 7 then Maximum value that can be set in the main energy start count (M) register is

$$\begin{aligned} &= (10^{(EDRC)}-1) \\ &= ((10^7)-1) \\ &= (10000000-1) \\ &= 9999999 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly if EDRC is 8 the maximum value is 99999999 & if EDRC is 9 maximum value is 999999999.

Maximum value that can be set in the Overflow energy start count register is 99999999 for Wh renergy resolution ,99999 for kWh energy resolution ,99 for MWh resolution.

Note: Energy start Count can only be entered in integer value.

5. Digital Output (Optional) :

The Meter is provided with relay / S0 for pulse output, limit switch, Load health tripping, Pre-Paid Energy based tripping and as a Timer.

5.1 Pulse Output :

Pulse Output is the potential free, very fast acting relay contact or opto-coupler based S0 which can be used to drive an external mechanical counter for energy measurement. The Pulse Output can be configured to the parameters maintained in TABLE 2.1 through setup parameter screen:

TABLE 2 : Pulse Output Tables

TABLE 2.1 : Parameters for Pulse Output

Parameter Number	Parameter	3P4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
0	Sys Wh import	✓	✓	✓
1	Sys Wh export	✓	✓	✓
2	Sys VARh import	✓	✓	✓
3	Sys VARh export	✓	✓	✓
4	Sys VAh	✓	✓	✓
6	Active Energy Import L1	✓	✗	✗
7	Active Energy Import L2	✓	✗	✗
8	Active Energy Import L3	✓	✗	✗
9	Active Energy Export L1	✓	✗	✗
10	Active Energy Export L2	✓	✗	✗
11	Active Energy Export L3	✓	✗	✗
12	Reactive Energy Capacitive L1	✓	✗	✗
13	Reactive Energy Capacitive L2	✓	✗	✗
14	Reactive Energy Capacitive L3	✓	✗	✗
15	Reactive Energy Inductive L1	✓	✗	✗
16	Reactive Energy Inductive L2	✓	✗	✗
17	Reactive Energy Inductive L3	✓	✗	✗
18	Apparent Energy L1	✓	✗	✗
19	Apparent Energy L2	✓	✗	✗
20	Apparent Energy L3	✓	✗	✗
24	Total Sys Active Energy	✓	✓	✓
25	Total Sys Reactive Energy	✓	✓	✓

TABLE 2.1 : Continued...

Parameter Number	Parameter	3P4W	3P 3W	1P 2W
26	Total Sys Apparent Energy	✓	✓	✓
27	Total Active Energy L1	✓	✗	✗
28	Total Active Energy L2	✓	✗	✗
29	Total Active Energy L3	✓	✗	✗
30	Total Reactive Energy L1	✓	✗	✗
31	Total Reactive Energy L2	✓	✗	✗
32	Total Reactive Energy L3	✓	✗	✗

TABLE 2.2 : Energy Pulse Rate Divisor**1.For Energy Output in Whr**

Divisor	Pulse rate	
	Pulse	System Power*
1	1 per Whr	Up to 3600 W
	1 per kWhr	Up to 3600 kW
	1 per MWhr	Above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW
10	1 per 10Whr	Up to 3600 W
	1 per 10kWhr	Up to 3600 kW
	1 per 10MWhr	Above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW
100	1 per 100Whr	Up to 3600 W
	1 per 100kWhr	Up to 3600 kW
	1 per 100MWhr	Above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW
1000	1 per 1000Whr	Up to 3600 W
	1 per 1000kWhr	Up to 3600 kW
	1 per 1000MWhr	Above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW
Pulse Duration 60 ms, 100 ms or 200 ms		

2.For Energy Output in kWhr

Divisor	Pulse rate	
	Pulse	System Power*
1	1 per kWhr	Up to 3600 kW
	1 per MWhr	Above 3600 kW

3.For Energy Output in MWhr

Divisor	Pulse rate
	Pulse
1	1 per MWhr

Above options are also applicable for Apparent and Reactive Energy.

***Note:**

- 1) System power = 3 x CT(Primary) x PT (Primary) L-N for 3 Phase 4 Wire
- 2) System power = Root3 x CT(Primary) x PT (Primary)L-L for 3 Phase 3 Wire
- 3) System power = CT(Primary) x PT(Primary)L-N for 1 Phase 2 Wire

5.2 Limit Switch :

Limit switch can be used to monitor upto three measured parameter (refer **TABLE 3**) with either ANDing/ORing or no logic for tripping in relation with to a set limit.

The limit switch can be configured for Alarm-High or Alarm-Low, settable for each parameter and Energized or de-Energized for the digital output. The trip point, hysteresis, energizing delay and de-energizing delay are user-selectable.

High Alarm:

If Alarm - High and Digital Output - Energized or Alarm - High and Digital Output - De-Energized combination is configured then Digital Output will get Energized or De-energized, when selected parameter is greater than or equal to trip point.

Low Alarm:

If Alarm - Low and Digital Output - Energized or Alarm - Low and Digital Output - De-Energized combination is configured then Digital Output will get Energized or De-energized, when selected parameter is less than or equal to trip point.

Note: For Alarm-Low configuration, set the values of trip point & hysteresis such that % trip point + % hysteresis should be less than 100% Value.

Example for Phase angle:

If trip point is set 70% then maximum applicable hysteresis is 42.8%. i.e Trip point 70% (252°) + Hysteresis 42.8% (107.8°) = 359.8° If total value is greater than the 100% i.e. 360° then the digital output will not release.

Example for PF:

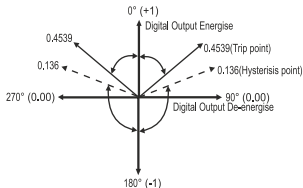
For Alarm - High and Digital Output - Energized combination, if trip point is 70% & hysteresis is 30%, then trip value = $0.7 \times 90^\circ = 63^\circ$. Tripping PF = $\cos(63) = 0.4539$ & hysteresis = $0.3 \times 0.4539 = 0.136$. Hence, the digital output will energize above 0.4539 and de-energize below 0.3179.

Note: This function will work irrespective of +/- sign. It depends only on value.

Trip point:

Trip point can be set in the range as specified in **TABLE 3** of nominal value for Alarm - High & 10% to 100 % of nominal value for Alarm - Low.

Hysteresis can be set in the range of 0.5% to 50 % of set trip point. If Alarm - High & Digital Output - Energized or Alarm - High & Digital Output - De-Energized combination is selected then Digital Output will get Energized or De-energized respectively, if set parameter value is less than Hysteresis. Similarly for the combinations of Alarm - Low & Digital Output - Energized or Alarm - Low & Digital Output - De-Energized.



Note : In case of Alarm - Low if trip point is set greater than 80% then the maximum hysteresis can be set such that the total Trip point+ Hysteresis(% of trip point value) will not exceed 120% of range.

For example :If trip point is set at 90%, then maximum 33.3% hysteresis should be set such that, $[90 + 29.99 (33.3\% \text{ of } 90)] = 120$.

ON Delay:

The ON delay can be set in the range from 1 to 9999 seconds to Energize the Digital Output.

OFF Delay:

The OFF delay can be set in the range from 1 to 9999 seconds to De-energize the Digital Output.

Logic Operation:

Digital Output can be operated for ANDing or ORing of upto three parameters listed in TABLE 3, e.g., Watt Sum, Frequency and PF can be Ored on the single Digital Output with separate settings of these parameters.

Examples of different configurations

Parameter No. 4 (Current1)

Trip Point = 50%

Hysteresis = 50% of trip point

ON Delay: 2 sec

OFF Delay: 2 sec

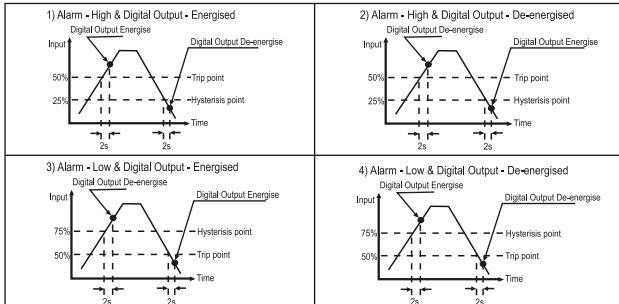


TABLE 3 : Parameters for Limit output

Parameter Number	Parameter	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	Trip Point Set Range	100% Value
0	None	✓	✓	✓	-	-
1	Volts 1	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Vnom (L-N)
2	Volts 2	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Vnom (L-N)
3	Volts 3	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Vnom (L-N)
4	IL1	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Inom
5	IL2	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Inom
6	IL3	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Inom
7	W1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
8	W2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
9	W3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
10	VA1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
11	VA2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
12	VA3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
13	VAr1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
14	VAr2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
15	VAr3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
16	PF1 #	✓	✗	✓	10 - 90 %	90°
17	PF2 #	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
18	PF3 #	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
19	PA1 #	✓	✗	✓	10 - 90 %	360°
20	PA2 #	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	360°
21	PA3 #	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	360°
22	Volts Ave.	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Vnom ⁽²⁾
24	Current Ave.	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Inom
27	Watts sum	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
29	VA sum	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
31	VAr sum	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
32	PF Ave. #	✓	✓	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
34	PA Ave. #	✓	✓	✗	10 - 90 %	360°
36	Freq. #	✓	✓	✓	10 - 90 %	66 Hz ⁽¹⁾
37	Wh Import	✓	✓	✓	10 - 9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾

TABLE 3 : Continued...

Parameter Number	Parameter	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	Trip Point Set Range	100% Value
38	Wh Export	✓	✓	✓	10 - 9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
39	VARh Capacitive	✓	✓	✓	10 - 9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
40	VARh Inductive	✓	✓	✓	10 - 9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
41	VAh	✓	✓	✓	10 - 9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
43	Watt Demand Imp.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
44	Watt Max Demand Imp.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
45	Watt Demand Exp.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
46	Watt Demand Max Exp.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
47	VAR Demand Cap.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
48	VAR Max Demand Cap.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
49	VAR Demand Ind.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
50	VAR Demand Max Ind.	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
51	VA Demand	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
52	VA Max Demand	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
53	Current Demand	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Inom
54	Current Max Demand	✓	✓	✓	10 - 120 %	Inom
85	Re-Active PF L1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 90 %	90°
86	Re-Active PF L2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
87	Re-Active PF L3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
88	Avg Re-Active PF	✓	✓	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
90	LF SgnQ(1-(P/S)) L1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 90 %	90°
91	LF SgnQ(1-(P/S)) L2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
92	LF SgnQ(1-(P/S)) L3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
93	Avg LF SgnQ(1-(P/S))	✓	✓	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
95	Displacement PF L1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 90 %	90°
96	Displacement PF L2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
97	Displacement PF L3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
98	Avg Displacement PF	✓	✓	✗	10 - 90 %	90°
101	V12	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Vnom (L-L)
102	V23	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Vnom (L-L)
103	V31	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Vnom (L-L)
128	Distortion VAR L1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾

TABLE 3 : Continued...

Parameter Number	Parameter	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	Trip Point Set Range	100% Value
129	Distortion VAr L2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
130	Distortion VAr L3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
132	SUM Distortion VAR	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
133	Fundamental VAr L1	✓	✗	✓	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
134	Fundamental VAr L2	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
135	Fundamental VAr L3	✓	✗	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
137	SUM Fundamental VAR	✓	✓	✗	10 - 120 %	Nom ⁽³⁾
198	Digital Output manually off	✓	✓	✓	1	-
199	Digital Output manually on	✓	✓	✓	1	-
200	Wh import	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
201	Wh export	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
202	VARh Capacitive	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
203	VARh Inductive	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
204	VAh	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
206	Active Energy Import L1	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
207	Active Energy Import L2	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
208	Active Energy Import L3	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
209	Active Energy Export L1	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
210	Active Energy Export L2	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
211	Active Energy Export L3	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
212	Reactive Energy Capacitive L1	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
213	Reactive Energy Capacitive L2	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
214	Reactive Energy Capacitive L3	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
215	Reactive Energy Inductive L1	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
216	Reactive Energy Inductive L2	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
217	Reactive Energy Inductive L3	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
218	Apparent Energy L1	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
219	Apparent Energy L2	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
220	Apparent Energy L3	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
224	Total Sys Active Energy	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
225	Total Sys Reactive Energy	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
226	Total Sys Apparent Energy	✓	✓	✓	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾

TABLE 3 : Continued...

Parameter Number	Parameter	3P 4W	3P 3W	1P 2W	Trip Point Set Range	100% Value
227	Total Active Energy L1	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
228	Total Active Energy L2	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
229	Total Active Energy L3	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
230	Total Reactive Energy L1	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
231	Total Reactive Energy L2	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾
232	Total Reactive Energy L3	✓	✗	✗	10-9999999	Nom ⁽³⁾

Note : Parameters 1,2,3 are L-N Voltage for 3P 4W & L-L Voltage for 3P 3W.

#Note : Refer #Note of Section 5.2 for details.

(1) For Frequency 0% corresponds to 45 Hz and 100% corresponds to 66 Hz.

(2) For 3P 4W and 1P2W the nominal value is VLN and that for 3P 3W is VLL.

(3) Nominal Value for power is calculated from Nominal Voltage and current values.

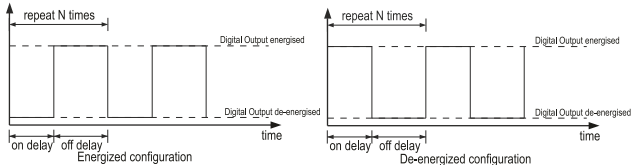
Nominal Value is to be considered with set CT/ PT Primary values.

For 3P4W, L1 phase values are to be considered as system values.

Trip point for energy parameters is a whole (non-decimal) number.

5.3 Timer Output

Timer output can be used to operate the Digital Output in a cyclic manner. The user can define the ON period and OFF period and also the number of times this cycle is to be repeated. The number of Cycles (N) can be indefinite or 1 to 9999. The counting is shown on a measurement screen as explained before.



5.4 Load Health Monitor

This is applicable only for Three Phase system. It shows different types of faults related to Three Phase Load connected. Refer Section 3.2.6 for allowed limit setting and Section 3.2.5.1.1.4.1 for digital output assignment setting.

Types of faults shown:

- | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1) over current | 2) over voltage | 3) under voltage |
| 4) under frequency | 5) Phase fail | 6) Phase reversal |
| 7) Unbalance current | 8) Unbalance voltage | |

5.5 Pre-Paid Energy

Pre-Paid Energy is used to show Balance energy, Balance cost, Unit cost, Topup Recharge and New Recharge for the energy selected.

For Example:

- 1) Select Wh import in Parameter select i.e. Parameter '0' (see Section 3.2.5.1.1.5.1).
- 2) Set Unit Cost as 3.5 (see Section 3.2.5.1.1.5.2).
- 3) Initially for new meter set new recharge as 1000 (see Section 3.2.5.1.1.5.4).
- 4) Automatically topup recharge will become 1000 (see Section 3.2.5.1.1.5.3).
- 5) Balance cost for this energy will 1000.
- 6) Balance energy = Balance cost / Unit Cost = $1000 / 3.5$
= **285,714**

If remaining Balance cost is 100 out of 1000 and then topup recharge of 1000 is done, then the Balance cost will become 1100.

Note :

- 1) If new recharge is done then topup recharge, Balance cost and Balance energy will be reset.
- 2) If digital output mode is changed, then balance cost and balance energy will automatically set according to the topup recharge.

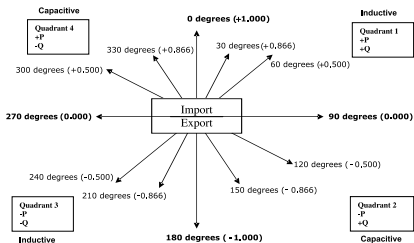
6. Phasor Diagram :

Quadrant 1: 0° to 90°

Quadrant 2: 90° to 180°

Quadrant 3: 180° to 270°

Quadrant 4: 270° to 360°



Connections	Quadrant	Sign of Active Power (P)	Sign of Reactive Power (Q)	Sign of Power Factor (PF)	Inductive / Capacitive
Import	1	+ P	+ Q	+	L
Import	4	+ P	- Q	+	C
Export	2	- P	+ Q	-	C
Export	3	- P	- Q	-	L

Inductive means Current lags Voltage

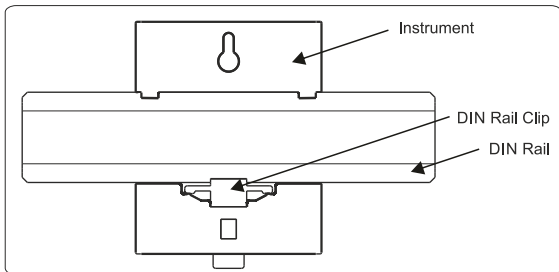
Capacitive means Current leads Voltage

When Multifunction Meter displays Active power (P) with " + " (positive sign), the connection is **"Import"** .

When Multifunction Meter displays Active power (P) with " - " (negative sign), the connection is **"Export"** .

7. Installation

The Instrument should be mounted in a reasonably stable ambient temperature and where the operating temperature is within the range defined by the technical specification. Vibration should be kept to a minimum and the product should not be mounted where it will be subjected to excessive direct sunlight.



Caution

1. In the interest of safety and functionality this product must be installed by a qualified engineer, abiding by any local regulations.
2. Voltages dangerous to human life are present at some of the terminal connections of this unit. Ensure that all supplies are de-energised before attempting any connection or disconnection.
3. These products do not have internal fuses therefore external fuses must be used to ensure safety under fault conditions.

7.1 EMC Installation Requirements

This product has been designed to meet the certification of the EU directives when installed to a good code of practice for EMC in industrial environments, e.g.

1. Screened output and low signal input leads or have provision for fitting RF suppression components, such as ferrite absorbers, line filters etc., in the event that RF fields cause problems.

Note : It is good practice to install sensitive electronic instruments that are performing critical functions, in EMC enclosures that protect against electrical interference which could cause a disturbance in function.

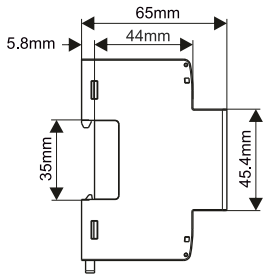
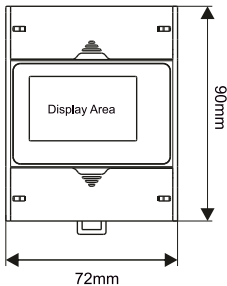
2. Avoid routing leads alongside cables and products that are, or could be, a source of interference.

3. To protect the product against permanent damage, surge transients must be limited to 2kV pk. It is good EMC practice to suppress differential surges to 2kV at the source. The unit has been designed to automatically recover in the event of a high level of transients. In extreme circumstances it may be necessary to temporarily disconnect the auxiliary supply for a period of greater than 5 seconds to restore correct operation.

The Current inputs of these products are designed for connection in to systems via Current Transformers only, where one side is grounded.

4. ESD precautions must be taken at all times when handling this product.

7.2 Case Dimensions

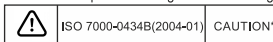


7.3 Wiring

Input connections are made directly to screw-type terminals with indirect wire pressure. Numbering is clearly marked at the connector location. Choice of cable should meet local regulations. Terminal for both Current and Voltage inputs will accept upto 4mm² (12AWG) solid or 2.5 mm² stranded cable.

Note : It is recommended to use **wire with lug for connection with meter.**

Wire: It is suggested to use wire with a temperature rating of at least 83 Deg. C



7.4 Auxiliary Supply

Meter should ideally be powered from a dedicated supply, however powered from the signal source, provided the source remains within it may be the limits of the Chosen auxiliary voltage range.

7.5 Fusing

It is recommended that all voltage lines are fitted with 1 Amp HRC fuses or circuit breaker to disconnecting the device.

Specification : Disconnecting device used must be relevant requirements of IEC-60974-1 & IEC-60947-3

For Aux: At most 1.5 times of applied power supply

For measuring input : At most 1.5 times of measuring input.

(Switching time of the device should be < 0.1 sec for Aux & I/P both)

7.6 Earth/Ground Connections

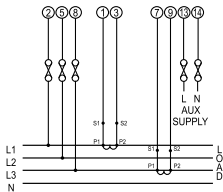
For safety reasons, CT secondary connections should be grounded in accordance with local regulations.

***Note :** Refer this Manual wherever the CAUTION symbol is marked.

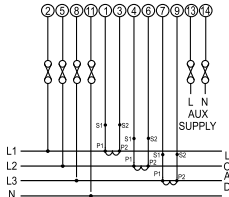
8. Connection Diagrams

8.1 Connection Diagrams for 1A/5A Model

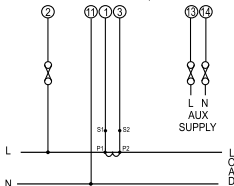
3-PHASE 3-WIRE UNBALANCED LOAD
DIGITAL METERING SYSTEM (WITH EXTERNAL AUX.)



3-PHASE 4-WIRE UNBALANCED LOAD
DIGITAL METERING SYSTEM (WITH EXTERNAL AUX.)

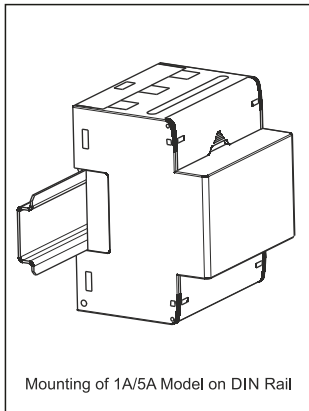


SINGLE PHASE 2-WIRE
DIGITAL METERING SYSTEM (WITH EXTERNAL AUX.)



9 Instrument Installation

9.1 Installation with DIN Rail



10. Specification

System

3 Phase 3 Wire / 4 Wire or Single Phase programmable on site

Inputs

Nominal Input Voltage Vn (AC RMS)	100VLL to 600VLL programmable on site. (57.5VLN to 346.42VLN)
System PT Primary Values	100VLL to 1200 kVLL, programmable on site
System PT Secondary Values	100VLL to 600VLL programmable on site. (57.5VLN to 346.42VLN)
Max continuous input voltage	120% of Nominal Value
Nominal input voltage burden	<0.3 VA approx. per Phase (at nominal 240V)
Overload Indication	"-OL-" >121% of Nominal value

1A/5A Model

Nominal Input Current In	1A/5A, programmable on site.
max continuous input current	200% of Nominal value (180% of Nominal value for CF = 2)
Nominal input current burden	<0.3 VA approx. per phase
System CT primary values	Std. Values 1 to 9999A (1 or 5 Amp secondary)
System CT secondary values	1A/5A, programmable on site
Overload Indication	"-OL-" >205% of Nominal value

Overload withstand

Voltage input	2 x Nominal Value for 1 Second (1s application at 10s intervals) repeated 10 times
Current input (only 1A/5A Model)	20 x Nominal Value for 1 Second (1s application at 5min intervals) repeated 5 times

Auxiliary Supply

External Higher Aux.	100V to 550V AC-DC
Ext. High Aux. (As per IEC 61557-12)	100V to 320V AC-DC
External Higher Aux. Nominal Value	230V AC/DC, 50/60 Hz for AC Aux
Aux Frequency Range	45 to 66 Hz
VA Burden With RS485	< 6 VA approx. (at nominal)

Operating Measuring Ranges

Voltage	20 ... 120 % of nominal Value
Current (1A/5A Model)	1...200% of nominal value (1...180% of nominal value for CF = 2)
Starting Current	0.1% of Nominal (as per IEC 62053-22)
Frequency	40 to 70 Hz
Power Factor	0.5 Lag ... 1 ... 0.8 Lead

Reference conditions for Accuracy

Reference temperature (as per IEC 62053-22)	23 °C ± 2 °C
Input Waveform	Sinusoidal (distortion factor 0.005)
Input Frequency	50/60 Hz ± 2%
Auxiliary supply Frequency	50/60 Hz ± 1%
Total Harmonic Distortion THD (1A/5A Model)	THD _v ≤ 50% upto 31st at V _n THD _i ≤ 200% upto 31st at I _n (THD _i ≤ 180% upto 31st at I _n for CF = 2)
Voltage Range	20 ... 120 % of nominal Value
Current Range (1A/5A Model)	10 ... 200 % of nominal Value

Accuracy

Voltage	$\pm 0.5\%$ (0.2% optional) of nominal value
Current	$\pm 0.5\%$ (0.2% optional) of nominal value
Frequency	$\pm 0.1\%$ of mid frequency
Active power	$\pm 0.5\%$ (0.2% optional) of nominal value
Reactive power	$\pm 1.0\%$ of nominal value
Apparent Power	$\pm 0.5\%$ (0.2% optional) of nominal value
Power Factor / Phase Angle	$\pm 3^\circ$
Active energy	Class 0.5S (0.2S optional) as per IEC 62053-22 Class 0.5 (Class 0.2 for 5A In and Class 0.5 for 1A In optional) as per IEC61557 - 12
Reactive energy	Class 2 as per IEC 62053-23 & 61557 - 12
Apparent energy	Class 1 as per IEC 61557 - 12
THD (V/I) w.r.t. Fundamental	$\pm 5\%$ (upto 31st harmonics)
Individual Harmonics	$\pm 5\%$ (upto 31st harmonics)

Note : Optional class is applicable only for 1A/5A Model.

Display

3 Line 4 Digit LCD Display with backlit	
Response time to step input	Approx. 1 sec.
Scrolling	Automatic / Manual (Programmable)

Controls

User Interface	4 push buttons
----------------	----------------

Standards

Electromagnetic Compatibility	IEC 61326 - 1, Table 2
Immunity	IEC 61000-4-2,-3,-4,-5,-6,-8,-11
Safety	IEC 61010-1-2010, permanently connected use
Emission	CISPR 11
IP for water & dust	IEC 60529
Pollution degree	2
Installation Category	300V CAT III / 600V CAT II

Isolation

Protective Class	2
High Voltage Test	
All Circuit vs Surface	4 kV RMS, 50Hz, 1 min
Input/Aux vs others	3.3 kV RMS, 50Hz, 1 min
DI/DO/RS485 vs others	3.3 kV RMS, 50Hz, 1 min
DI vs DI/DO vs DO	2.2 kV RMS, 50Hz, 1 min

Environmental conditions

Operating temperature	-20 to +55 °C
Storage temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Relative humidity	0 .. 95 % RH (Non condensing)
Warm up time	3 minute (minimum)
Shock (As per IEC 60068-2-27)	Half Sine wave, Peak acceleration 30gn (300 m/s ²), duration 18 ms
Vibration	10..150..10 Hz, 0.15mm amplitude
Number of Sweep cycles	10 per axis

Enclosure

Enclosure front	IP 54
Enclosure back (Terminals)	IP 20

Dimensions

Height, Depth, Width	90 mm, 65 mm, 72 mm
----------------------	---------------------

Installation

Mounting Position	DIN Rail Mounting
Mechanical Housing	Lexan 940 (polycarbonate), Flammability Class V-0 acc. to UI94, self extinguishing, non dripping, free of halogen
Connection Element	Conventional screw type terminal with indirect wire terminals
Connection Terminal	4 mm ² solid or 2.5 mm ² stranded cable
Weight	< 320 grams

Interfaces

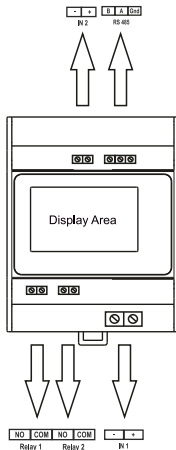
Impulse Led	For Energy testing
Digital Input (optional)	20...300 VAC / 10...60 VDC Optical Couplers, Min Pulse width 10msec Min length between two pulses 18msec VA Consumption : < 0.25VA at 240 VAC
Relay (optional)	250 VAC, 5 A AC 30V DC, 5A DC
Modbus (optional)	RS485, max.1200m Baud rate : 4.8k, 9.6k, 19.2k, 38.4k, 57.6kbps
S0 (optional)	Opto-coupler max. 30V, 20mA, at least 5V Pulse Width 30ms, Impedance 100 ohm
Pulse output Option	
Relay	2NO, 240 VAC , 5 A AC / 30VDC, 5A DC.
S0	5 - 30 V, 20 mA.
Default Pulse rate Divisor	1 per Wh (up to 3600W), 1 per kWh (up to 3600kW), 1 per MWh (above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW)
Pulse rate Divisors	
10	Programmable on site 1 per 10Wh (up to 3600W), 1 per 10kWh (up to 3600kW), 1 per 10MWh (above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW)
100	1 per 100Wh (up to 3600W), 1 per 100kWh (up to 3600 kW), 1 per 100MWh (above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW)
1000	1 per 1000Wh (up to 3600W), 1 per 1000kWh (up to 3600kW), 1 per 1000MWh (above 3600 kW up to 30000 kW)
Pulse Duration	60ms , 100ms or 200ms

Note :

1. Refer TABLE 2 for details.
2. Above conditions are also applicable for Reactive & Apparent Energy.

11. Connection for Optional Pulse Output / Digital Input / RS 485 / Ethernet Module (rear (back) view of Energy Meter):

Location of Modbus, 2 Digital Outputs & 2 Digital Inputs





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